

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Date of report (Date of earliest event reported) August 1, 2011

The Allstate Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

Delaware
(State or other
jurisdiction of incorporation)

1-11840
(Commission
File Number)

36-3871531
(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

2775 Sanders Road, Northbrook, Illinois
(Address of principal executive offices)

60062
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code **(847) 402-5000**

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2.below):

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
 - Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
 - Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
 - Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))
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Section 2. – Financial Information

Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On August 1, 2011, the registrant issued a press release announcing its financial results for the second quarter of 2011, and the availability of the registrant's second quarter investor supplement on the registrant's web site. The press release and the investor supplement are furnished as Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2 to this report. The information contained in the press release and the investor supplement are furnished and not filed pursuant to instruction B.2 of Form 8-K.

Section 9. – Financial Statements and Exhibits

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

99.1	Registrant's press release dated August 1, 2011
99.2	Second quarter 2011 Investor Supplement of The Allstate Corporation

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, hereunto duly authorized.

THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
(registrant)

By /s/ Samuel H. Pilch
Name: Samuel H. Pilch
Title: Senior Group Vice President
and Contoller

Dated: August 1, 2011

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NEWS

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

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Allstate Second Quarter Results Impacted By Record Severe Weather; Progress on Key Strategies Continues as Underlying Profitability Improves

NORTHBROOK, Ill., August 1, 2011 – The Allstate Corporation (NYSE: ALL) today reported financial results for the second quarter of 2011:

The Allstate Corporation Consolidated Highlights			
(\$ in millions, except per share amounts and ratios)	Three months ended June 30,		
	2011	2010	% Change
Consolidated revenues	\$ 8,081	\$ 7,656	5.6
Net (loss) income	(620)	145	NM
Net (loss) income per diluted share	(1.19)	0.27	NM
Operating (loss) income*	(642)	441	NM
Operating (loss) income per diluted share*	(1.23)	0.81	NM
Book value per share	35.95	33.24	8.2
Book value per share, excluding the impact of unrealized net capital gains and losses on fixed income securities*	33.91	32.51	4.3
Catastrophe losses	2,339	636	267.8
Property-Liability combined ratio	123.3	96.8	26.5 pts
Property-Liability combined ratio excluding the effect of catastrophes and prior year reserve reestimates ("underlying combined ratio")*	87.5	88.1	(0.6) pts

NM = not meaningful

* Measures used in this release that are not based on accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("non-GAAP") are defined and reconciled to the most directly comparable GAAP measure and operating measures are defined in the "Definitions of Non-GAAP and Operating Measures" section of this document.

While underlying profitability improved across the company's business lines this quarter, those gains were more than offset by \$2.3 billion in record second quarter catastrophe losses.

"Our key profitability benchmark continued to improve," said Thomas J. Wilson, chairman, president and chief executive officer of The Allstate Corporation, noting that the company's underlying Property-Liability combined ratio stood at 88.7 for the first six months of 2011, well within Allstate's full-year guidance range of 88 to 91. "We also advanced our strategy of broadening our profitable protection relationships by offering differentiated products tailored to the needs of specific customer segments." However, as anticipated, profit improvement actions in New York and Florida continued to impact growth in auto policies. Allstate Protection's policies in force declined slightly when compared to the prior year quarter, as a 0.6% reduction in Allstate brand standard auto and a 3.9% reduction in homeowners were only partially offset by increases in specialty lines and Canada.

"We made substantial progress improving returns at Allstate Financial," said Wilson. Allstate Financial second quarter operating income grew 12.8% versus the same period a year ago. Proactive management of the consolidated investment portfolio was also reflected in total portfolio returns, which benefitted from increased investment yields, realized capital gains, and a \$2.1 billion increase in pre-tax net unrealized capital gains from June 30, 2010.

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"We will continue to make progress on our commitment to shareholders to improve overall returns. I'm confident the actions we took during the quarter, including our pending acquisition of Esurance and Answer Financial, position us well for our longer-term focus of delivering unique value propositions to each customer segment and improving shareholder value," Wilson said.

Property-Liability Impacted by Record Second Quarter Catastrophe Losses, Underlying Profitability Improved

Allstate's combined ratio for the second quarter of 2011 was 123.3, reflecting the previously reported catastrophe losses of \$2.3 billion, or 36.2 points. During the period, Allstate experienced 33 catastrophe loss events including five tornadoes, three wildfires and 25 wind/hailstorms. Excluding catastrophe losses and prior year reserve reestimates, the Property-Liability underlying combined ratio was 87.5 during the second quarter of 2011 compared to 88.1 in the second quarter of 2010, reflecting lower claims frequency.

Allstate brand standard auto policies continued to decline during the second quarter of 2011, consistent with the company's expectation, as growth was balanced with a focus on maintaining auto profitability. Premiums written* declined 0.9% for the second quarter of 2011 compared to the prior year second quarter, reflecting declining policies in force and lower average premiums. Policies in force declined by 0.6% compared to the second quarter of 2010, as the level of new policies issued was not sufficient to make up for policies not renewed. New issued applications declined 5.2% in the quarter when compared to the prior year quarter, while retention improved to 89.2 from 89.0 in the second quarter of last year. Average gross premium decreased 0.5% in the second quarter of 2011 when compared to the second quarter of 2010, in part due to customers electing lower coverage options. Allstate brand standard auto combined ratio was 98.2, 3.7 points higher than the second quarter of 2010 due to a 4.7 point increase in the impact of catastrophe losses. Allstate brand standard auto underlying combined ratio was 93.6 in the second quarter of 2011, compared to 94.1 in the second quarter of 2010.

Allstate brand homeowners premiums written increased 2.6% in the second quarter of 2011 compared to the same period a year ago, as a 6.0% increase in average gross premium was partly offset by a 3.9% decline in policies in force. Rate increases averaging 6.0% were approved in 18 states during the second quarter, as Allstate continued to take actions to improve homeowners returns. Catastrophe losses impacted the Allstate brand homeowners combined ratio by 123.2 points in the second quarter of 2011. Excluding the impact of catastrophes and prior year reserve reestimates, the Allstate brand homeowners underlying combined ratio was 69.5 in the second quarter of 2011, compared to 69.8 in the second quarter of 2010.

Allstate Financial Improves Financial Performance

Allstate Financial made progress on its commitment to improve returns. By executing a strategy of reducing concentration in and improving the profitability of investment spread products, expanding Allstate Benefits and focusing on Allstate's core markets, operating income increased in the second quarter when compared to the second quarter of 2010. Premiums and contract charges were in line with 2010 second quarter levels as growth in underwritten products offset a decline in annuities.

Allstate Financial operating income was \$141 million in the second quarter of 2011 compared to \$125 million in the prior year second quarter, due to increases in both benefit and investment spread. The benefit spread increased to \$161 million in the second quarter from \$99 million in the 2010 second quarter due primarily to unfavorable reserve reestimates of \$42 million recorded in 2010, as well as higher profitability and growth in Allstate Benefits' accident and health insurance business. The investment spread increased 6.0% to \$142 million in the second quarter when compared to the prior year quarter, as actions to improve investment portfolio yields and lower crediting rates on annuities and interest sensitive-life insurance more than offset the effect of a continued decline in spread-based business in force. As a result, operating income return on attributed equity* totaled 7.5% for the twelve months ended June 30, 2011.

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Net income improved to \$166 million in the second quarter of 2011 compared to a net loss of \$107 million in the second quarter of 2010. The improvement was due to net realized capital gains in the second quarter versus net realized capital losses in the second quarter of last year, and increased operating income.

Increasing Portfolio Yields Drive Strong Investment Results

Allstate maintained portfolio yields through proactive management of risk and return. The total portfolio yield was 4.5% during the second quarter of 2011, higher than both the prior quarter and prior year quarter.

Net investment income was \$1.02 billion for the second quarter of 2011, a 2.8% decline from the second quarter of 2010, but a 3.9% increase compared to the first quarter of 2011. Lower portfolio balances drove the changes from the prior year quarter. Overall portfolio yields increased in the second quarter of 2011 when compared to both the second quarter of 2010 and first quarter of 2011, related to yield enhancement actions on fixed income securities, seasonal foreign equity dividends, and limited partnership distributions.

Net realized capital gains for the second quarter of 2011 were \$57 million, pre-tax, compared to a net realized capital loss of \$451 million, pre-tax, in the second quarter of 2010, primarily due to reduced derivative losses, lower impairment write-downs, and increased valuation gains on limited partnerships.

Allstate's consolidated investment portfolio totaled \$99.3 billion at June 30, 2011 compared to \$100.5 billion at December 31, 2010, as expected reductions in the Allstate Financial portfolio more than offset strong investment returns. The net unrealized capital gains totaled \$2.5 billion, pre-tax, at June 30, 2011 compared to \$1.4 billion at December 31, 2010.

Strong Capital Position, Repurchases Totaled \$232 Million

"Our capital position continues to be strong after significant catastrophe losses and our share repurchase program," said Don Civgin, executive vice president and chief financial officer.

Statutory surplus at June 30, 2011 was an estimated \$15.0 billion for Allstate Insurance Company, including \$3.5 billion at Allstate Life Insurance Company. This compares to Allstate Insurance Company statutory surplus of \$15.9 billion at March 31, 2011 and \$15.4 billion at December 31, 2010. During the second quarter of 2011, Allstate Insurance Company made a \$238 million dividend to the holding company. Deployable assets at the holding company level totaled \$3.5 billion at June 30, 2011 compared to \$3.7 billion at March 31, 2011 and \$3.8 billion at December 31, 2010.

"The impact of this quarter's catastrophe losses on book value per share was mostly offset by an improved unrealized position," Civgin said. Book value per share totaled \$35.95 at June 30, 2011, compared to \$36.51 at March 31, 2011 and \$33.24 at June 30, 2010. During the second quarter of 2011, Allstate repurchased shares totaling \$232 million. At June 30, 2011, \$308 million remained on the \$1 billion share repurchase program.

* * * * *

Visit www.allstateinvestors.com to view additional information about Allstate's results, including a webcast of its quarterly conference call and the presentation discussed on the call. The conference call will be held at 9 a.m. ET on Monday, August 1.

The Allstate Corporation (NYSE: ALL) is the nation's largest publicly held personal lines insurer known for its "You're In Good Hands With AllstateSM" slogan. Now celebrating its 80th anniversary as an insurer, Allstate is reinventing protection and retirement to help nearly 16 million households insure what they have today and better prepare for tomorrow. Consumers access Allstate insurance products (auto, home, life and retirement) and services through Allstate agencies, independent agencies, and Allstate exclusive financial representatives in the U.S. and Canada, as well as via www.allstate.com and 1-800 AllstateSM.

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THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(\$ in millions, except per share data)

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	(unaudited)		(unaudited)	
Revenues				
Property-liability insurance premiums	\$ 6,457	\$ 6,513	\$ 12,905	\$ 13,016
Life and annuity premiums and contract charges	547	545	1,116	1,089
Net investment income	1,020	1,049	2,002	2,099
Realized capital gains and losses:				
Total other-than-temporary impairment losses	(82)	(288)	(238)	(538)
Portion of loss recognized in other comprehensive income	(4)	(18)	(31)	(23)
Net other-than-temporary impairment losses recognized in earnings	(86)	(306)	(269)	(561)
Sales and other realized capital gains and losses	143	(145)	422	(238)
Total realized capital gains and losses	57	(451)	153	(799)
	<u>8,081</u>	<u>7,656</u>	<u>16,176</u>	<u>15,405</u>
Costs and expenses				
Property-liability insurance claims and claims expense	6,355	4,714	10,831	9,506
Life and annuity contract benefits	422	485	876	927
Interest credited to contractholder funds	417	450	835	913
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs	1,018	949	2,069	1,963
Operating costs and expenses	802	789	1,640	1,618
Restructuring and related charges	11	13	20	24
Interest expense	91	92	183	184
	<u>9,116</u>	<u>7,492</u>	<u>16,454</u>	<u>15,135</u>
Gain (loss) on disposition of operations	6	2	(17)	3
(Loss) income from operations before income tax (benefit) expense	<u>(1,029)</u>	<u>166</u>	<u>(295)</u>	<u>273</u>
Income tax (benefit) expense	(409)	21	(194)	8
Net (loss) income	<u>\$ (620)</u>	<u>\$ 145</u>	<u>\$ (101)</u>	<u>\$ 265</u>
Earnings per share:				
Net (loss) income per share - Basic	<u>\$ (1.19)</u>	<u>\$ 0.27</u>	<u>\$ (0.19)</u>	<u>\$ 0.49</u>
Weighted average shares - Basic	<u>523.1</u>	<u>540.7</u>	<u>528.2</u>	<u>540.4</u>
Net (loss) income per share - Diluted	<u>\$ (1.19)</u>	<u>\$ 0.27</u>	<u>\$ (0.19)</u>	<u>\$ 0.49</u>
Weighted average shares - Diluted	<u>523.1</u>	<u>543.0</u>	<u>528.2</u>	<u>542.4</u>
Cash dividends declared per share	<u>\$ 0.21</u>	<u>\$ 0.20</u>	<u>\$ 0.42</u>	<u>\$ 0.40</u>

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THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION SEGMENT RESULTS

(\$ in millions, except ratios)

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Property-Liability				
Premiums written	\$ 6,611	\$ 6,640	\$ 12,826	\$ 12,898

Premiums earned	\$ 6,457	\$ 6,513	\$ 12,905	\$ 13,016
Claims and claims expense	(6,355)	(4,714)	(10,831)	(9,506)
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs	(908)	(914)	(1,812)	(1,839)
Operating costs and expenses	(685)	(664)	(1,415)	(1,368)
Restructuring and related charges	(11)	(14)	(22)	(25)
Underwriting (loss) income	<u>(1,502)</u>	<u>207</u>	<u>(1,175)</u>	<u>278</u>
Net investment income	310	310	594	614
Periodic settlements and accruals on non-hedge derivative instruments	(3)	(1)	(7)	(2)
Income tax benefit (expense) on operations	<u>462</u>	<u>(148)</u>	<u>282</u>	<u>(236)</u>
Operating (loss) income	(733)	368	(306)	654
Realized capital gains and losses, after-tax	(6)	(69)	32	(192)
Reclassification of periodic settlements and accruals on non-hedge derivative instruments, after-tax	<u>1</u>	<u>--</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>1</u>
Net (loss) income	\$ <u>(738)</u>	\$ <u>299</u>	\$ <u>(270)</u>	\$ <u>463</u>
Catastrophe losses	\$ <u>2,339</u>	\$ <u>636</u>	\$ <u>2,672</u>	\$ <u>1,284</u>
Operating ratios:				
Claims and claims expense ratio	98.4	72.4	83.9	73.1
Expense ratio	<u>24.9</u>	<u>24.4</u>	<u>25.2</u>	<u>24.8</u>
Combined ratio	<u>123.3</u>	<u>96.8</u>	<u>109.1</u>	<u>97.9</u>
Effect of catastrophe losses on combined ratio	<u>36.2</u>	<u>9.8</u>	<u>20.7</u>	<u>9.9</u>
Effect of prior year reserve reestimates on combined ratio	<u>(0.7)</u>	<u>(2.3)</u>	<u>(0.7)</u>	<u>(1.3)</u>
Effect of catastrophe losses included in prior year reserve reestimates on combined ratio	<u>(0.3)</u>	<u>(1.2)</u>	<u>(0.4)</u>	<u>(0.7)</u>
Effect of Discontinued Lines and Coverages on combined ratio	<u>0.1</u>	<u>--</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0.1</u>
Allstate Financial				
Investments	\$ <u>59,659</u>	\$ <u>61,804</u>	\$ <u>59,659</u>	\$ <u>61,804</u>
Premiums and contract charges	\$ 547	\$ 545	\$ 1,116	\$ 1,089
Net investment income	694	723	1,378	1,454
Periodic settlements and accruals on non-hedge derivative instruments	19	11	36	28
Contract benefits	(422)	(485)	(876)	(927)
Interest credited to contractholder funds	(412)	(450)	(837)	(913)
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs	(103)	(41)	(216)	(99)
Operating costs and expenses	(110)	(116)	(219)	(236)
Restructuring and related charges	--	1	2	1
Income tax expense on operations	<u>(72)</u>	<u>(63)</u>	<u>(127)</u>	<u>(133)</u>
Operating income	141	125	257	264
Realized capital gains and losses, after-tax	40	(230)	65	(335)
Valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged, after-tax	(3)	--	5	--
DAC and DSI (amortization) accretion relating to realized capital gains and losses and valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged, after-tax	(5)	4	(31)	2
DAC and DSI unlocking relating to realized capital gains and losses, after-tax	--	--	1	(18)
Reclassification of periodic settlements and accruals on non-hedge derivative instruments, after-tax	(11)	(7)	(23)	(18)
Gain (loss) on disposition of operations, after-tax	<u>4</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>(11)</u>	<u>2</u>
Net income (loss)	\$ <u>166</u>	\$ <u>(107)</u>	\$ <u>263</u>	\$ <u>(103)</u>
Corporate and Other				
Net investment income	\$ 16	\$ 16	\$ 30	\$ 31
Operating costs and expenses	(98)	(101)	(189)	(198)
Income tax benefit on operations	<u>32</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>65</u>
Operating loss	(50)	(52)	(96)	(102)
Realized capital gains and losses, after-tax	<u>2</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>7</u>
Net loss	\$ <u>(48)</u>	\$ <u>(47)</u>	\$ <u>(94)</u>	\$ <u>(95)</u>
Consolidated net (loss) income	\$ <u><u>(620)</u></u>	\$ <u><u>145</u></u>	\$ <u><u>(101)</u></u>	\$ <u><u>265</u></u>

THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(\$ in millions, except par value data)

	June 30, 2011 (unaudited)	December 31, 2010
Assets		
Investments:		
Fixed income securities, at fair value (amortized cost \$76,502 and \$78,786)	\$ 78,414	\$ 79,612
Equity securities, at fair value (cost \$4,329 and \$4,228)	4,954	4,811
Mortgage loans	6,827	6,679
Limited partnership interests	4,400	3,816
Short-term, at fair value (amortized cost \$2,536 and \$3,279)	2,536	3,279
Other	2,158	2,286
Total investments	<u>99,289</u>	<u>100,483</u>
Cash	693	562
Premium installment receivables, net	4,869	4,839
Deferred policy acquisition costs	4,572	4,769
Reinsurance recoverables, net	6,446	6,552
Accrued investment income	875	809
Deferred income taxes	525	784
Property and equipment, net	914	921
Goodwill	874	874
Other assets	1,791	1,605
Separate Accounts	8,175	8,676
Total assets	<u>\$ 129,023</u>	<u>\$ 130,874</u>
Liabilities		
Reserve for property-liability insurance claims and claims expense	\$ 20,456	\$ 19,468
Reserve for life-contingent contract benefits	13,787	13,482
Contractholder funds	45,078	48,195
Unearned premiums	9,727	9,800
Claim payments outstanding	948	737
Other liabilities and accrued expenses	6,152	5,564
Long-term debt	5,907	5,908
Separate Accounts	8,175	8,676
Total liabilities	<u>110,230</u>	<u>111,830</u>
Equity		
Preferred stock, \$1 par value, 25 million shares authorized, none issued	--	--
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 2.0 billion shares authorized and 900 million issued, 517 million and 533 million shares outstanding	9	9
Additional capital paid-in	3,165	3,176
Retained income	31,647	31,969
Deferred ESOP expense	(43)	(44)
Treasury stock, at cost (383 million and 367 million shares)	(16,387)	(15,910)
Accumulated other comprehensive income:		
Unrealized net capital gains and losses:		
Unrealized net capital losses on fixed income securities with OTTI	(156)	(190)
Other unrealized net capital gains and losses	1,783	1,089
Unrealized adjustment to DAC, DSI and insurance reserves	(181)	36
Total unrealized net capital gains and losses	<u>1,446</u>	<u>935</u>
Unrealized foreign currency translation adjustments	83	69

Unrecognized pension and other postretirement benefit cost	(1,156)	(1,188)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	373	(184)
Total shareholders' equity	18,764	19,016
Noncontrolling interest	29	28
Total equity	18,793	19,044
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 129,023	\$ 130,874

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THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(\$ in millions)

	Six months ended	
	2011	2010
	June 30,	
	(unaudited)	
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net (loss) income	\$ (101)	\$ 265
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation, amortization and other non-cash items	89	26
Realized capital gains and losses	(153)	799
Loss (gain) on disposition of operations	17	(3)
Interest credited to contractholder funds	835	913
Changes in:		
Policy benefits and other insurance reserves	665	306
Unearned premiums	(87)	(135)
Deferred policy acquisition costs	57	(70)
Premium installment receivables, net	(22)	9
Reinsurance recoverables, net	(40)	(206)
Income taxes	(226)	74
Other operating assets and liabilities	226	116
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>1,260</u>	<u>2,094</u>
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from sales		
Fixed income securities	14,140	9,114
Equity securities	854	3,046
Limited partnership interests	335	278
Mortgage loans	65	44
Other investments	109	62
Investment collections		
Fixed income securities	2,385	2,391
Mortgage loans	308	638
Other investments	92	44
Investment purchases		
Fixed income securities	(13,934)	(11,900)
Equity securities	(781)	(1,501)
Limited partnership interests	(765)	(616)
Mortgage loans	(536)	(10)
Other investments	(146)	(79)
Change in short-term investments, net	1,166	439
Change in other investments, net	(170)	(128)
Purchases of property and equipment, net	(106)	(69)
Disposition of operations	(1)	-
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>3,015</u>	<u>1,753</u>
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayment of long-term debt	(1)	(1)
Contractholder fund deposits	1,120	1,567
Contractholder fund withdrawals	(4,508)	(5,112)
Dividends paid	(218)	(215)
Treasury stock purchases	(544)	(5)
Shares reissued under equity incentive plans, net	17	25
Excess tax benefits on share-based payment arrangements	(3)	(4)
Other	(7)	(3)
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(4,144)</u>	<u>(3,748)</u>
Net increase in cash	<u>131</u>	<u>99</u>
Cash at beginning of period	<u>562</u>	<u>612</u>
Cash at end of period	<u>\$ 693</u>	<u>\$ 711</u>

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Definitions of Non-GAAP and Operating Measures

We believe that investors' understanding of Allstate's performance is enhanced by our disclosure of the following non-GAAP and operating financial measures. Our methods for calculating these measures may differ from those used by other companies and therefore comparability may be limited.

Operating income (loss) is net income (loss), excluding:

- realized capital gains and losses, after-tax, except for periodic settlements and accruals on non-hedge derivative instruments, which are reported with realized capital gains and losses but included in operating income (loss),
- valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged, after-tax,
- amortization of DAC and DSI, to the extent they resulted from the recognition of certain realized capital gains and losses or valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged,
- gain (loss) on disposition of operations, after-tax, and
- adjustments for other significant non-recurring, infrequent or unusual items, when (a) the nature of the charge or gain is such that it is reasonably unlikely to recur within two years, or (b) there has been no similar charge or gain within the prior two years.

Net income (loss) is the GAAP measure that is most directly comparable to operating income (loss).

We use operating income (loss) as an important measure to evaluate our results of operations. We believe that the measure provides investors with a valuable measure of the company's ongoing performance because it reveals trends in our insurance and financial services business that may be obscured by the net effect of realized capital gains and losses, valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged, gain (loss) on disposition of operations and adjustments for other significant non-recurring, infrequent or unusual items. Realized capital gains and losses, valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged and gain (loss) on disposition of operations may vary significantly between periods and are generally driven by business decisions and external economic developments such as capital market conditions, the timing of which is unrelated to the insurance underwriting process. Consistent with our intent to protect results or earn additional income, operating income (loss) includes periodic settlements and accruals on certain derivative instruments that are reported in realized capital gains and losses because they do not qualify for hedge accounting or are not designated as hedges for accounting purposes. These instruments are used for economic hedges and to replicate fixed income securities, and by including them in operating income (loss), we are appropriately reflecting their trends in our performance and in a manner consistent with the economically hedged investments, product attributes (e.g., net investment income and interest credited to contractholder funds) or replicated investments. Non-recurring items are excluded because, by their nature, they are not indicative of our business or economic trends. Accordingly, operating income (loss) excludes the effect of items that tend to be highly variable from period to period and highlights the results from ongoing operations and the underlying profitability of our business. A byproduct of excluding these items to determine operating income is the transparency and understanding of their significance to net income variability and profitability while recognizing these or similar items may recur in subsequent periods. Operating income (loss) is used by management along with the other components of net income (loss) to assess our performance. We use adjusted measures of operating income (loss) and operating income (loss) per diluted share in incentive compensation. Therefore, we believe it is useful for investors to evaluate net income (loss), operating income (loss) and their components separately and in the aggregate when reviewing and evaluating our performance. We note that investors, financial analysts, financial and business media organizations and rating agencies utilize operating income results in their evaluation of our and our industry's financial performance and in their investment decisions, recommendations and communications as it represents a reliable, representative and consistent measurement of the industry and the company and management's performance. We note that the price to earnings multiple commonly used by insurance investors as a forward-looking valuation technique uses operating income (loss) as the denominator. Operating income (loss) should not be considered as a substitute for net income (loss) and does not reflect the overall profitability of our business.

The following tables reconcile operating (loss) income and net (loss) income.

(\$ in millions, except per share data)

For the three months ended June 30,

	Property-Liability		Allstate Financial		Consolidated		Per diluted share	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Operating (loss) income	\$ (733)	\$ 368	\$ 141	\$ 125	\$ (642)	\$ 441	\$ (1.23)	\$ 0.81
Realized capital gains and losses	(8)	(106)	62	(353)	57	(451)		
Income tax benefit (expense)	2	37	(22)	123	(21)	157		
Realized capital gains and losses, after-tax	(6)	(69)	40	(230)	36	(294)	0.07	(0.53)
Valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged, after-tax	--	--	(3)	--	(3)	--	(0.01)	--
DAC and DSI (amortization) accretion relating to realized capital gains and losses and valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged, after-tax	--	--	(5)	4	(5)	4	(0.01)	--
Reclassification of periodic settlements and accruals on non-hedge derivative instruments, after-tax	1	--	(11)	(7)	(10)	(7)	(0.02)	(0.01)
Gain on disposition of operations, after-tax	--	--	4	1	4	1	0.01	--
Net (loss) income	\$ (738)	\$ 299	\$ 166	\$ (107)	\$ (620)	\$ 145	\$ (1.19)	\$ 0.27

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(\$ in millions, except per share data)

	For the six months ended June 30,							
	Property-Liability		Allstate Financial		Consolidated		Per diluted share	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010	2011	2010
Operating (loss) income	\$ (306)	\$ 654	\$ 257	\$ 264	\$ (145)	\$ 816	\$ (0.27)	\$ 1.50
Realized capital gains and losses	49	(296)	101	(515)	153	(799)		
Income tax (expense) benefit	(17)	104	(36)	180	(54)	279		
Realized capital gains and losses, after-tax	32	(192)	65	(335)	99	(520)	0.19	(0.95)
Valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged, after-tax	--	--	5	--	5	--	0.01	--
DAC and DSI (amortization) accretion relating to realized capital gains and losses and valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged, after-tax	--	--	(31)	2	(31)	2	(0.06)	--
DAC and DSI unlocking relating to realized capital gains and losses, after-tax	--	--	1	(18)	1	(18)	--	(0.03)
Reclassification of periodic settlements and accruals on non-hedge derivative instruments, after-tax	4	1	(23)	(18)	(19)	(17)	(0.04)	(0.03)
(Loss) gain on disposition of operations, after-tax	--	--	(11)	2	(11)	2	(0.02)	--
Net (loss) income	\$ (270)	\$ 463	\$ 263	\$ (103)	\$ (101)	\$ 265	\$ (0.19)	\$ 0.49

Underwriting income (loss) is calculated as premiums earned, less claims and claims expense ("losses"), amortization of DAC, operating costs and expenses and restructuring and related charges as determined using GAAP. Management uses this measure in its evaluation of the results of operations to analyze the profitability of our Property-Liability insurance operations separately from investment results. It is also an integral component of incentive compensation. It is useful for investors to evaluate the components of income separately and in the aggregate when reviewing performance. Net income (loss) is the most directly comparable GAAP measure. Underwriting income (loss) should not be considered as a substitute for net income (loss) and does not reflect the overall profitability of our business. A reconciliation of Property-Liability underwriting income (loss) to net income (loss) is provided in the "Segment Results" page.

Combined ratio excluding the effect of catastrophes and prior year reserve reestimates ("underlying combined ratio") is a non-GAAP ratio, which is computed as the difference between three GAAP operating ratios: the combined ratio, the effect of catastrophes on the combined ratio and the effect of prior year non-catastrophe reserve reestimates on the combined ratio. The most directly comparable GAAP measure is the combined ratio. We believe that this ratio is useful to investors and it is used by management to reveal the trends in our Property-Liability business that may be obscured by catastrophe losses and prior year reserve reestimates. These catastrophe losses cause our loss trends to vary significantly between periods as a result of their incidence of occurrence and magnitude, and can have a significant impact on the combined ratio. Prior year reserve reestimates are caused by unexpected loss development on historical reserves. We believe it is useful for investors to evaluate these components separately and in the aggregate when reviewing our underwriting performance. We also provide it to facilitate a comparison to our outlook on the combined ratio excluding the effect of catastrophe losses and prior year reserve reestimates. The combined ratio excluding the effect of catastrophes and prior year reserve reestimates should not be considered a substitute for the combined ratio and does not reflect the overall underwriting profitability of our business.

A reconciliation of the Property-Liability combined ratio excluding the effect of catastrophes and prior year reserve reestimates to the Property-Liability combined ratio is provided in the following table.

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	Combined ratio excluding the effect of catastrophes and prior year reserve reestimates ("underlying combined ratio")	87.5	88.1	88.7
Effect of catastrophe losses	36.2	9.8	20.7	9.9
Effect of prior year non-catastrophe reserve reestimates	(0.4)	(1.1)	(0.3)	(0.6)
Combined ratio	123.3	96.8	109.1	97.9
Effect of prior year catastrophe reserve reestimates	(0.3)	(1.2)	(0.4)	(0.7)

In this news release, we provide our outlook range on the Property-Liability 2011 combined ratio excluding the effect of catastrophe losses and prior year reserve reestimates. A reconciliation of this measure to the combined ratio is not possible on a forward-looking basis because it is not possible to provide a reliable forecast of catastrophes. Future prior year reserve reestimates are expected to be zero because reserves are determined based on our best estimate of ultimate loss reserves as of the reporting date.

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A reconciliation of the Allstate brand standard auto combined ratio excluding the effect of catastrophes and prior year reserve reestimates to the Allstate brand standard auto combined ratio is provided in the following table.

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	Combined ratio excluding the effect of catastrophes and prior year reserve reestimates ("underlying combined ratio")	93.6	94.1	94.2
Effect of catastrophe losses	6.7	2.0	3.6	1.3
Effect of prior year non-catastrophe reserve reestimates	(2.1)	(1.6)	(1.2)	(0.6)
Combined ratio	98.2	94.5	96.6	94.5
Effect of prior year catastrophe reserve reestimates	(0.1)	(0.3)	(0.1)	(0.4)

A reconciliation of the Allstate brand homeowners combined ratio excluding the effect of catastrophes and prior year reserve reestimates to the Allstate brand homeowners combined ratio is provided in the following table.

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
	Combined ratio excluding the effect of catastrophes and prior year reserve reestimates ("underlying combined ratio")	69.5	69.8	71.7
Effect of catastrophe losses	123.2	34.7	70.6	35.9
Effect of prior year non-catastrophe reserve reestimates	0.7	(0.1)	0.3	(0.3)
Combined ratio	193.4	104.4	142.6	107.8
Effect of prior year catastrophe reserve reestimates	(0.4)	(4.1)	(1.5)	(2.0)

Operating income (loss) return on shareholders' equity is a ratio that uses a non-GAAP measure. It is calculated by dividing the rolling 12-month operating income (loss) by the average of shareholders' equity at the beginning and at the end of the 12-months, after excluding the effect of unrealized net capital gains and losses. Return on shareholders' equity is the most directly comparable GAAP measure. We use operating income (loss) as the numerator for the same reasons we use operating income (loss), as discussed above. We use average shareholders' equity excluding the effect of unrealized net capital gains and losses for the denominator as a representation of shareholders' equity primarily attributable to the company's earned and realized business operations because it eliminates the effect of items that are unrealized and vary significantly between periods due to external economic developments such as capital market conditions like changes in equity prices and interest rates, the amount and timing of which are unrelated to the insurance underwriting process. We use it to supplement our evaluation of net income (loss) and return on shareholders' equity because it excludes the effect of items that tend to be highly variable from period to period. We believe that this measure is useful to investors and that it provides a valuable tool for investors when considered along with net income (loss) return on shareholders' equity because it eliminates the after-tax effects of realized and unrealized net capital gains and losses that can fluctuate significantly from period to period and that are driven by economic developments, the magnitude and timing of which are generally not influenced by management. In addition, it eliminates non-recurring items that are not indicative of our ongoing business or economic trends. A byproduct of excluding the items noted above to determine operating income (loss) return on shareholders' equity from return on shareholders' equity is the transparency and understanding of their significance to return on shareholders' equity variability and profitability while recognizing these or similar items may recur in subsequent periods. Therefore, we believe it is useful for investors to have operating income (loss) return on shareholders' equity and return on shareholders' equity when evaluating our performance. We note that investors, financial analysts, financial and business media organizations and rating agencies utilize operating income (loss) return on shareholders' equity results in their evaluation of our and our industry's financial performance and in their investment decisions, recommendations and communications as it represents a reliable, representative and consistent measurement of the industry and the company and management's utilization of capital. Operating income (loss) return on shareholders' equity should not be considered as a substitute for return on shareholders' equity and does not reflect the overall profitability of our business.

The following table reconciles return on shareholders' equity and operating income return on shareholders' equity.

(\$ in millions)

	For the twelve months ended June 30,	
	2011	2010
Return on shareholders' equity		
Numerator:		
Net income	\$ 562	\$ 1,004
Denominator:		
Beginning shareholders' equity	\$ 18,039	\$ 15,068
Ending shareholders' equity	18,764	18,039
Average shareholders' equity	\$ 18,402	\$ 16,554
Return on shareholders' equity	3.1%	6.1%

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	For the twelve months ended June 30,	
	2011	2010
Operating income return on shareholders' equity		
Numerator:		
Operating income	\$ 578	\$ 1,946
Denominator:		
Beginning shareholders' equity	\$ 18,039	\$ 15,068
Unrealized net capital gains and losses	328	(2,112)
Adjusted beginning shareholders' equity	17,711	17,180
Ending shareholders' equity	18,764	18,039
Unrealized net capital gains and losses	1,446	328
Adjusted ending shareholders' equity	17,318	17,711
Average adjusted shareholders' equity	\$ 17,515	\$ 17,446
Operating income return on shareholders' equity	3.3%	11.2%

The following tables reconcile Allstate Financial segment return on attributed equity and operating income return on attributed equity, including a reconciliation of Allstate Financial segment attributed equity to The Allstate Corporation shareholders' equity.

(\$ in millions)

	For the twelve months ended June 30,	
	2011	2010
Allstate Financial segment return on attributed equity⁽¹⁾		
Numerator:		
Net income (loss)	\$ 424	\$ (278)
Denominator:		
Beginning attributed equity	\$ 6,280	\$ 4,809
Ending attributed equity ⁽²⁾	7,214	6,280
Average attributed equity	\$ 6,747	\$ 5,545
Return on attributed equity	6.3%	(5.0)%

	For the twelve months ended June 30,	
	2011	2010
Allstate Financial segment operating income return on attributed equity		
Numerator:		
Operating income	\$ 469	\$ 454
Denominator:		
Beginning attributed equity	\$ 6,280	\$ 4,809
Unrealized net capital gains and losses	199	(1,155)
Adjusted beginning attributed equity	6,081	5,964
Ending attributed equity	7,214	6,280
Unrealized net capital gains and losses	764	199
Adjusted ending attributed equity	6,450	6,081
Average adjusted attributed equity	\$ 6,266	\$ 6,023
Operating income return on attributed equity	7.5%	7.5%

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Reconciliation of beginning and ending Allstate Financial segment attributed equity and The Allstate Corporation beginning and ending shareholders' equity

	For the twelve months ended June 30,	
	2011	2010
Beginning Allstate Financial segment attributed equity	\$ 6,280	\$ 4,809
Beginning all other equity	11,759	10,259
Beginning Allstate Corporation shareholders' equity	\$ 18,039	\$ 15,068
Ending Allstate Financial segment attributed equity	\$ 7,214	\$ 6,280
Ending all other equity	11,550	11,759
Ending Allstate Corporation shareholders' equity	\$ 18,764	\$ 18,039

- (1) Allstate Financial attributed equity is the sum of equity for Allstate Life Insurance Company, the applicable equity for American Heritage Life Investment Corporation, and the equity for Allstate Bank, excluding the most recently available capital in excess of management requirements.
(2) As of June 30, 2011, the amount excluded from the attributed equity balance for capital in excess of management requirements is zero.

Book value per share, excluding the impact of unrealized net capital gains and losses on fixed income securities, is a ratio that uses a non-GAAP measure. It is calculated by dividing shareholders' equity after excluding the impact of unrealized net capital gains and losses on fixed income securities and related DAC, DSI and life insurance reserves by total shares outstanding plus dilutive potential shares outstanding. Book value per share is the most directly comparable GAAP measure.

We use the trend in book value per share, excluding the impact of unrealized net capital gains and losses on fixed income securities, in conjunction with book value per share to identify and analyze the change in net worth attributable to management efforts between periods. We believe the non-GAAP ratio is useful to investors because it eliminates the effect of items that can fluctuate significantly from period to period and are generally driven by economic developments, primarily capital market conditions, the magnitude and timing of which are generally not influenced by management, and we believe it enhances understanding and comparability of performance by highlighting underlying business activity and profitability drivers. We note that book value per share, excluding the impact of unrealized net capital gains and losses on fixed income securities, is a measure commonly used by insurance investors as a valuation technique. Book value per share, excluding the impact of unrealized net capital gains and losses on fixed income securities, should not be considered as a substitute for book value per share, and does not reflect the recorded net worth of our business. The following table shows the reconciliation.

(\$ in millions, except per share data)

	As of June 30,	
	2011	2010
Book value per share		
Numerator:		
Shareholders' equity	\$ 18,764	\$ 18,039
Denominator:		
Shares outstanding and dilutive potential shares outstanding	522.0	542.7
Book value per share	\$ 35.95	\$ 33.24

Book value per share, excluding the impact of unrealized net capital gains and losses on fixed income securities

Numerator:			
Shareholders' equity	\$	18,764	\$ 18,039
Unrealized net capital gains and losses on fixed income securities		<u>1,062</u>	<u>398</u>
Adjusted shareholders' equity	\$	<u>17,702</u>	<u>17,641</u>
Denominator:			
Shares outstanding and dilutive potential shares outstanding		<u>522.0</u>	<u>542.7</u>
Book value per share, excluding the impact of unrealized net capital gains and losses on fixed income securities	\$	<u>33.91</u>	<u>32.51</u>

Premiums written is the amount of premiums charged for policies issued during a fiscal period. Premiums earned is a GAAP measure. Premiums are considered earned and are included in financial results on a pro-rata basis over the policy period. The portion of premiums written applicable to the unexpired terms of the policies is recorded as unearned premiums on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position. A reconciliation of premiums written to premiums earned is presented in the following table.

(\$ in millions)

	Three months ended June 30,		Six months ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Property-Liability premiums written	\$ 6,611	\$ 6,640	\$ 12,826	\$ 12,898
(Increase) decrease in unearned premiums	(165)	(110)	69	135
Other	11	(17)	10	(17)
Property-Liability premiums earned	<u>\$ 6,457</u>	<u>\$ 6,513</u>	<u>\$ 12,905</u>	<u>\$ 13,016</u>

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Forward-Looking Statements and Risk Factors

This news release contains forward-looking statements about our outlook for the combined ratio excluding the effect of catastrophes and prior year reserve reestimates for 2011. These statements are subject to the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and are based on management's estimates, assumptions and projections. Actual results may differ materially from those projected based on the risk factors described below.

- Premiums written and premiums earned, the denominator of the underlying combined ratio, may be materially less than projected. Policyholder attrition may be greater than anticipated resulting in a lower amount of insurance in force.
- Unanticipated increases in the severity or frequency of standard auto insurance claims may adversely affect our underwriting results. Changes in the severity or frequency of claims may affect the profitability of our Allstate Protection segment. Changes in bodily injury claim severity are driven primarily by inflation in the medical sector of the economy and litigation. Changes in auto physical damage claim severity are driven primarily by inflation in auto repair costs, auto parts prices and used car prices. The short-term level of claim frequency we experience may vary from period to period and may not be sustainable over the longer term. A decline in gas prices, increase in miles driven, and higher unemployment are examples of factors leading to a short-term frequency change. A significant long-term increase in claim frequency could have an adverse effect on our underwriting results.

We undertake no obligation to publicly correct or update any forward-looking statements. This news release contains unaudited financial information.

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THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION

Investor Supplement Second Quarter 2011

The consolidated financial statements and financial exhibits included herein are unaudited. These consolidated financial statements and exhibits should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. The results of operations for interim periods should not be considered indicative of results to be expected for the full year.

Measures used in these financial statements and exhibits that are not based on generally accepted accounting principles ("non-GAAP") and operating measures are denoted with an asterisk (*) the first time they appear. These measures are defined on the page "Definitions of Non-GAAP and Operating Measures" and non-GAAP measures are reconciled to the most directly comparable GAAP measure herein.



Allstate
You're in good hands.

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THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (\$ in millions, except per share data)

	Three months ended				Six months ended			
	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Revenues								
Property-liability insurance premiums	\$ 6,457	\$ 6,448	\$ 6,442	\$ 6,499	\$ 6,513	\$ 6,503	\$ 12,905	\$ 13,016
Life and annuity premiums and contract charges	547	569	531	548	545	544	1,116	1,089

Net investment income	1,020	982	998	1,005	1,049	1,050	2,002	2,099
Realized capital gains and losses:								
Total other-than-temporary impairment losses	(82)	(156)	(300)	(99)	(288)	(250)	(238)	(538)
Portion of loss recognized in other comprehensive income	(4)	(27)	27	(68)	(18)	(5)	(31)	(23)
Net other-than-temporary impairment losses recognized in earnings	(86)	(183)	(273)	(167)	(306)	(255)	(269)	(561)
Sales and other realized capital gains and losses	143	279	389	23	(145)	(93)	422	(238)
Total realized capital gains and losses	57	96	116	(144)	(451)	(348)	153	(799)
Total revenues	8,081	8,095	8,087	7,908	7,656	7,749	16,176	15,405
Costs and expenses								
Property-liability insurance claims and claims expense	6,355	4,476	4,842	4,603	4,714	4,792	10,831	9,506
Life and annuity contract benefits	422	454	443	445	485	442	876	927
Interest credited to contractholder funds	417	418	449	445	450	463	835	913
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs	1,018	1,051	1,065	1,006	949	1,014	2,069	1,963
Operating costs and expenses	802	838	835	828	789	829	1,640	1,618
Restructuring and related charges	11	9	(3)	9	13	11	20	24
Interest expense	91	92	92	91	92	92	183	184
Total costs and expenses	9,116	7,338	7,723	7,427	7,492	7,643	16,454	15,135
Gain (loss) on disposition of operations	6	(23)	(1)	9	2	1	(17)	3
(Loss) income from operations before income tax (benefit) expense	(1,029)	734	363	490	166	107	(295)	273
Income tax (benefit) expense	(409)	215	67	123	21	(13)	(194)	8
Net (loss) income	<u>\$ (620)</u>	<u>\$ 519</u>	<u>\$ 296</u>	<u>\$ 367</u>	<u>\$ 145</u>	<u>\$ 120</u>	<u>\$ (101)</u>	<u>\$ 265</u>
Earnings per share: ⁽¹⁾								
Net (loss) income per share - Basic	<u>\$ (1.19)</u>	<u>\$ 0.98</u>	<u>\$ 0.55</u>	<u>\$ 0.68</u>	<u>\$ 0.27</u>	<u>\$ 0.22</u>	<u>\$ (0.19)</u>	<u>\$ 0.49</u>
Weighted average shares - Basic	<u>523.1</u>	<u>531.0</u>	<u>539.5</u>	<u>540.9</u>	<u>540.7</u>	<u>540.5</u>	<u>528.2</u>	<u>540.4</u>
Net (loss) income per share - Diluted ⁽²⁾	<u>\$ (1.19)</u>	<u>\$ 0.97</u>	<u>\$ 0.55</u>	<u>\$ 0.68</u>	<u>\$ 0.27</u>	<u>\$ 0.22</u>	<u>\$ (0.19)</u>	<u>\$ 0.49</u>
Weighted average shares - Diluted ⁽²⁾	<u>523.1</u>	<u>533.6</u>	<u>542.0</u>	<u>543.0</u>	<u>543.0</u>	<u>541.8</u>	<u>528.2</u>	<u>542.4</u>
Cash dividends declared per share	<u>\$ 0.21</u>	<u>\$ 0.21</u>	<u>\$ 0.20</u>	<u>\$ 0.20</u>	<u>\$ 0.20</u>	<u>\$ 0.20</u>	<u>\$ 0.42</u>	<u>\$ 0.40</u>

⁽¹⁾ In accordance with GAAP, the quarter and year-to-date per share amounts are calculated discretely. Therefore, the sum of each quarter may not equal the year-to-date amount.

⁽²⁾ As a result of the net loss for the three-months and six-months ended June 30, 2011, weighted average dilutive potential common shares outstanding resulting from 2.1 million stock options and 0.5 million restricted stock options (non-participating) in both periods were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share since inclusion of these securities would have an anti-dilutive effect.

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THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
CONTRIBUTION TO INCOME
(\$ in millions, except per share data)

	Three months ended				Six months ended			
	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Contribution to income								
Operating (loss) income before the impact of restructuring and related charges	\$ (635)	\$ 503	\$ 270	\$ 457	\$ 450	\$ 382	\$ (132)	\$ 832
Restructuring and related charges, after-tax	(7)	(6)	1	(5)	(9)	(7)	(13)	(16)
Operating (loss) income *	(642)	497	271	452	441	375	(145)	816
Realized capital gains and losses, after-tax	36	63	76	(93)	(294)	(226)	99	(520)
Valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged, after-tax	(3)	8	-	-	-	-	5	-
DAC and DSI (amortization) accretion relating to realized capital gains and losses and valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged, after-tax	(5)	(26)	(43)	7	4	(2)	(31)	2
DAC and DSI unlocking relating to realized capital gains and losses, after-tax	-	1	-	-	-	(18)	1	(18)
Reclassification of periodic settlements and accruals on non-hedge derivative instruments, after-tax	(10)	(9)	(7)	(5)	(7)	(10)	(19)	(17)
Gain (loss) on disposition of operations, after-tax	4	(15)	(1)	6	1	1	(11)	2
Net (loss) income	<u>\$ (620)</u>	<u>\$ 519</u>	<u>\$ 296</u>	<u>\$ 367</u>	<u>\$ 145</u>	<u>\$ 120</u>	<u>\$ (101)</u>	<u>\$ 265</u>
Income per share - Diluted^{(1) (2)}								
Operating (loss) income before the impact of restructuring and related charges	\$ (1.21)	\$ 0.94	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.84	\$ 0.83	\$ 0.70	\$ (0.25)	\$ 1.53
Restructuring and related charges, after-tax	(0.02)	(0.01)	-	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.03)
Operating (loss) income	(1.23)	0.93	0.50	0.83	0.81	0.69	(0.27)	1.50
Realized capital gains and losses, after-tax	0.07	0.12	0.14	(0.17)	(0.53)	(0.42)	0.19	(0.95)
Valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged, after-tax	(0.01)	0.02	-	-	-	-	0.01	-
DAC and DSI (amortization) accretion relating to realized capital gains and losses and valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged, after-tax	(0.01)	(0.05)	(0.08)	0.01	-	-	(0.06)	-
DAC and DSI unlocking relating to realized capital gains and losses, after-tax	-	-	-	-	-	(0.03)	-	(0.03)
Reclassification of periodic settlements and accruals on non-hedge derivative instruments, after-tax	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.01)	-	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.04)	(0.03)
Gain (loss) on disposition of operations, after-tax	0.01	(0.03)	-	0.01	-	-	(0.02)	-
Net (loss) income	<u>\$ (1.19)</u>	<u>\$ 0.97</u>	<u>\$ 0.55</u>	<u>\$ 0.68</u>	<u>\$ 0.27</u>	<u>\$ 0.22</u>	<u>\$ (0.19)</u>	<u>\$ 0.49</u>
Weighted average shares - Diluted	<u>523.1</u>	<u>533.6</u>	<u>542.0</u>	<u>543.0</u>	<u>543.0</u>	<u>541.8</u>	<u>528.2</u>	<u>542.4</u>

⁽¹⁾ In accordance with GAAP, the quarter and year-to-date per share amounts are calculated discretely. Therefore, the sum of each quarter may not equal the year-to-date amount.

(2) As a result of the net loss for the three-months and six-months ended June 30, 2011, weighted average dilutive potential common shares outstanding resulting from 2.1 million stock options and 0.5 million restricted stock options (non-participating) in both periods were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share since inclusion of these securities would have an anti-dilutive effect.

2

**THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
REVENUES
(\$ in millions)**

	Three months ended				Six months ended			
	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Property-Liability								
Property-liability insurance premiums	\$ 6,457	\$ 6,448	\$ 6,442	\$ 6,499	\$ 6,513	\$ 6,503	\$ 12,905	\$ 13,016
Net investment income	310	284	291	284	310	304	594	614
Realized capital gains and losses	(8)	57	82	(107)	(106)	(190)	49	(296)
Total Property-Liability revenues	6,759	6,789	6,815	6,676	6,717	6,617	13,548	13,334
Allstate Financial								
Life and annuity premiums and contract charges	547	569	531	548	545	544	1,116	1,089
Net investment income	694	684	692	707	723	731	1,378	1,454
Realized capital gains and losses	62	39	36	(38)	(353)	(162)	101	(515)
Total Allstate Financial revenues	1,303	1,292	1,259	1,217	915	1,113	2,595	2,028
Corporate and Other								
Service fees ⁽¹⁾	2	2	3	2	3	3	4	6
Net investment income	16	14	15	14	16	15	30	31
Realized capital gains and losses	3	-	(2)	1	8	4	3	12
Total Corporate and Other revenues before reclassification of services fees	21	16	16	17	27	22	37	49
Reclassification of service fees ⁽¹⁾	(2)	(2)	(3)	(2)	(3)	(3)	(4)	(6)
Total Corporate and Other revenues	19	14	13	15	24	19	33	43
Consolidated revenues	\$ 8,081	\$ 8,095	\$ 8,087	\$ 7,908	\$ 7,656	\$ 7,749	\$ 16,176	\$ 15,405

(1) For presentation in the Consolidated Statements of Operations, service fees of the Corporate and Other segment are reclassified to Operating costs and expenses.

3

**THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
(\$ in millions)**

	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010		June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010
Assets						Liabilities					
Investments						Reserve for property-liability insurance claims and claims expense	\$ 20,456	\$ 19,494	\$ 19,468	\$ 19,294	\$ 19,434
Fixed income securities, at fair value (amortized cost \$76,502, \$79,292, \$78,786, \$80,786 and \$81,425)	\$ 78,414	\$ 80,242	\$ 79,612	\$ 83,193	\$ 81,925	Reserve for life-contingent contract benefits	13,787	13,552	13,482	13,955	13,483
Equity securities, at fair value (cost \$4,329, \$3,792, \$4,228, \$3,447 and \$3,356)	4,954	4,437	4,811	3,707	3,254	Contractholder funds	45,078	46,834	48,195	48,936	49,443
Mortgage loans	6,827	6,582	6,679	6,961	7,173	Unearned premiums	9,727	9,563	9,800	10,001	9,684
Limited partnership interests	4,400	4,077	3,816	3,454	3,119	Claim payments outstanding	948	761	737	733	733
Short-term, at fair value (amortized cost \$2,536, \$1,986, \$3,279, \$2,776 and \$2,414)	2,536	1,986	3,279	2,776	2,414	Other liabilities and accrued expenses	6,152	6,369	5,564	5,945	6,054
Other	2,158	2,287	2,286	2,123	2,058	Long-term debt	5,907	5,908	5,908	5,909	5,909
Total investments	99,289	99,611	100,483	102,214	99,943	Separate Accounts	8,175	8,603	8,676	8,459	8,003
						Total liabilities	110,230	111,084	111,830	113,232	112,743
						Equity					
Cash	693	641	562	500	711	Common stock, 517 million, 524 million, 533 million, 538 million and 538 million shares outstanding	9	9	9	9	9
Premium installment receivables, net	4,869	4,842	4,839	4,981	4,830	Additional capital paid-in	3,165	3,156	3,176	3,165	3,155
Deferred policy acquisition costs	4,572	4,697	4,769	4,671	5,003	Retained income	31,647	32,377	31,969	31,781	31,552
Reinsurance recoverables, net ⁽¹⁾	6,446	6,589	6,552	6,597	6,537	Deferred ESOP expense	(43)	(42)	(44)	(45)	(44)
Accrued investment income	875	885	809	847	851	Treasury stock, at cost (383 million, 376 million, 367 million, 362 million and 362 million shares)	(16,387)	(16,173)	(15,910)	(15,755)	(15,760)
Deferred income taxes	525	612	784	670	1,301	Accumulated other comprehensive income:					
Property and equipment, net	914	912	921	922	935	Unrealized net capital gains and losses:					
						Unrealized net capital losses on fixed income securities with other-than-temporary impairments	(156)	(167)	(190)	(200)	(332)
						Other unrealized net capital gains and losses	1,783	1,186	1,089	1,919	588
						Unrealized adjustment to DAC, DSI and insurance reserves	(181)	60	36	(427)	72
						Total unrealized net capital gains and losses	1,446	1,079	935	1,292	328
						Unrealized foreign currency translation adjustments	83	79	69	54	43
						Unrecognized pension and	(1,156)	(1,173)	(1,188)	(1,227)	(1,244)

						other postretirement benefit cost					
						Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	373	(15)	(184)	119	(873)
Goodwill	874	874	874	874	874	Total shareholders' equity	18,764	19,312	19,016	19,274	18,039
Other assets	1,791	2,159	1,605	1,799	1,822	Noncontrolling interest	29	29	28	28	28
Separate Accounts	8,175	8,603	8,676	8,459	8,003	Total equity	18,793	19,341	19,044	19,302	18,067
Total assets	\$ 129,023	\$ 130,425	\$ 130,874	\$ 132,534	\$ 130,810	Total liabilities and equity	\$ 129,023	\$ 130,425	\$ 130,874	\$ 132,534	\$ 130,810

(1) Reinsurance recoverables of unpaid losses related to Property-Liability were \$2,099 million, \$2,134 million, \$2,072 million, \$2,095 million and \$2,176 million as of June 30, 2011, March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010, September 30, 2010 and June 30, 2010, respectively.

4

THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
BOOK VALUE PER SHARE
(\$ in millions, except per share data)

	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010
Book value per share						
Numerator:						
Shareholders' equity	\$ 18,764	\$ 19,312	\$ 19,016	\$ 19,274	\$ 18,039	\$ 17,560
Denominator:						
Shares outstanding and dilutive potential shares outstanding	522.0	529.0	538.4	543.3	542.7	544.3
Book value per share	\$ 35.95	\$ 36.51	\$ 35.32	\$ 35.48	\$ 33.24	\$ 32.26
Book value per share, excluding the impact of unrealized net capital gains and losses on fixed income securities *						
Numerator:						
Shareholders' equity	\$ 18,764	\$ 19,312	\$ 19,016	\$ 19,274	\$ 18,039	\$ 17,560
Unrealized net capital gains and losses on fixed income securities	1,062	678	573	1,138	398	(309)
Adjusted shareholders' equity	\$ 17,702	\$ 18,634	\$ 18,443	\$ 18,136	\$ 17,641	\$ 17,869
Denominator:						
Shares outstanding and dilutive potential shares outstanding	522.0	529.0	538.4	543.3	542.7	544.3
Book value per share, excluding the impact of unrealized net capital gains and losses on fixed income securities	\$ 33.91	\$ 35.22	\$ 34.26	\$ 33.38	\$ 32.51	\$ 32.83

5

THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
RETURN ON SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
(\$ in millions)

	Twelve months ended					
	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010
Return on Shareholders' Equity						
Numerator:						
Net income ⁽¹⁾	\$ 562	\$ 1,327	\$ 928	\$ 1,150	\$ 1,004	\$ 1,248
Denominator:						
Beginning shareholders' equity	\$ 18,039	\$ 17,560	\$ 16,692	\$ 17,505	\$ 15,068	\$ 12,242
Ending shareholders' equity	18,764	19,312	19,016	19,274	18,039	17,560
Average shareholders' equity ⁽²⁾	\$ 18,402	\$ 18,436	\$ 17,854	\$ 18,390	\$ 16,554	\$ 14,901
Return on shareholders' equity	3.1 %	7.2 %	5.2 %	6.3 %	6.1 %	8.4 %
Operating Income Return on Shareholders' Equity *						
Numerator:						
Operating income ⁽¹⁾	\$ 578	\$ 1,661	\$ 1,539	\$ 1,860	\$ 1,946	\$ 1,802
Denominator:						
Beginning shareholders' equity	\$ 18,039	\$ 17,560	\$ 16,692	\$ 17,505	\$ 15,068	\$ 12,242
Unrealized net capital gains and losses	328	(84)	(870)	112	(2,112)	(3,767)
Adjusted beginning shareholders' equity	17,711	17,644	17,562	17,393	17,180	16,009
Ending shareholders' equity	18,764	19,312	19,016	19,274	18,039	17,560
Unrealized net capital gains and losses	1,446	1,079	935	1,292	328	(84)
Adjusted ending shareholders' equity	17,318	18,233	18,081	17,982	17,711	17,644
Average adjusted shareholders' equity ⁽²⁾	\$ 17,515	\$ 17,939	\$ 17,822	\$ 17,688	\$ 17,446	\$ 16,827
Operating income return on shareholders' equity	3.3 %	9.3 %	8.6 %	10.5 %	11.2 %	10.7 %

(1) Net income and operating income reflect a trailing twelve-month period.

THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
DEBT TO CAPITAL
(\$ in millions)

	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010
Debt						
Long-term debt	\$ 5,907	\$ 5,908	\$ 5,908	\$ 5,909	\$ 5,909	\$ 5,910
Capital resources						
Debt	\$ 5,907	\$ 5,908	\$ 5,908	\$ 5,909	\$ 5,909	\$ 5,910
Shareholders' equity						
Common stock	9	9	9	9	9	9
Additional capital paid-in	3,165	3,156	3,176	3,165	3,155	3,152
Retained income	31,647	32,377	31,969	31,781	31,552	31,514
Deferred ESOP expense	(43)	(42)	(44)	(45)	(44)	(44)
Treasury stock	(16,387)	(16,173)	(15,910)	(15,755)	(15,760)	(15,782)
Unrealized net capital gains and losses	1,446	1,079	935	1,292	328	(84)
Unrealized foreign currency translation adjustments	83	79	69	54	43	60
Unrecognized pension and other postretirement benefit cost	(1,156)	(1,173)	(1,188)	(1,227)	(1,244)	(1,265)
Total shareholders' equity	18,764	19,312	19,016	19,274	18,039	17,560
Total capital resources	\$ 24,671	\$ 25,220	\$ 24,924	\$ 25,183	\$ 23,948	\$ 23,470
Ratio of debt to shareholders' equity	<u>31.5 %</u>	<u>30.6 %</u>	<u>31.1 %</u>	<u>30.7 %</u>	<u>32.8 %</u>	<u>33.7 %</u>
Ratio of debt to capital resources	<u>23.9 %</u>	<u>23.4 %</u>	<u>23.7 %</u>	<u>23.5 %</u>	<u>24.7 %</u>	<u>25.2 %</u>

THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(\$ in millions)

	Three months ended				Six months ended			
	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Net (loss) income	\$ (620)	\$ 519	\$ 296	\$ 367	\$ 145	\$ 120	\$ (101)	\$ 265
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:								
Depreciation, amortization and other non-cash items	58	31	39	29	10	16	89	26
Realized capital gains and losses	(57)	(96)	(116)	144	451	348	(153)	799
(Gain) loss on disposition of operations	(6)	23	1	(9)	(2)	(1)	17	(3)
Interest credited to contractholder funds	417	418	449	445	450	463	835	913
Changes in:								
Policy benefits and other insurance reserves	723	(58)	95	(163)	118	188	665	306
Unearned premiums	161	(248)	(212)	307	126	(261)	(87)	(135)
Deferred policy acquisition costs	(15)	72	44	(68)	(100)	30	57	(70)
Premium installment receivables, net	(25)	3	147	(146)	(15)	24	(22)	9
Reinsurance recoverables, net	77	(117)	(36)	(23)	(134)	(72)	(40)	(206)
Income taxes	(426)	200	22	104	1	73	(226)	74
Other operating assets and liabilities	247	(21)	(63)	(58)	80	36	226	116
Net cash provided by operating activities	534	726	666	929	1,130	964	1,260	2,094
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Proceeds from sales:								
Fixed income securities	5,777	8,363	5,536	8,231	4,184	4,930	14,140	9,114
Equity securities	212	642	87	1,216	1,056	1,990	854	3,046
Limited partnership interests	222	113	118	109	132	146	335	278
Mortgage loans	39	26	3	77	41	3	65	44
Other investments	46	63	23	36	25	37	109	62
Investment collections:								
Fixed income securities	1,184	1,201	1,475	1,281	1,269	1,122	2,385	2,391
Mortgage loans	220	88	292	146	375	263	308	638
Other investments	15	77	41	52	26	18	92	44
Investment purchases:								
Fixed income securities	(3,727)	(10,207)	(5,033)	(8,812)	(4,801)	(7,099)	(13,934)	(11,900)
Equity securities	(637)	(144)	(843)	(1,220)	(945)	(556)	(781)	(1,501)
Limited partnership interests	(431)	(334)	(302)	(424)	(431)	(185)	(765)	(616)
Mortgage loans	(510)	(26)	(65)	(45)	(9)	(1)	(536)	(10)
Other investments	(88)	(58)	(82)	(20)	(36)	(43)	(146)	(79)
Change in short-term investments, net	(483)	1,649	(486)	(335)	28	411	1,166	439
Change in other investments, net	(51)	(119)	(55)	(336)	(79)	(49)	(170)	(128)
Purchases of property and equipment, net	(58)	(48)	(48)	(45)	(45)	(24)	(106)	(69)
Disposition of operations	-	(1)	-	7	-	-	(1)	-
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	1,730	1,285	661	(82)	790	963	3,015	1,753
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Repayment of long-term debt	(1)	-	(1)	-	(1)	-	(1)	(1)
Contractholder fund deposits	524	596	683	730	739	828	1,120	1,567
Contractholder fund withdrawals	(2,386)	(2,122)	(1,691)	(1,667)	(2,543)	(2,569)	(4,508)	(5,112)
Dividends paid	(111)	(107)	(108)	(107)	(108)	(107)	(218)	(215)
Treasury stock purchases	(239)	(305)	(147)	-	-	(5)	(544)	(5)
Shares reissued under equity incentive	8	9	2	1	11	14	17	25

plans, net									
Excess tax benefits on share-based payment arrangements	-	(3)	-	(3)	(2)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
Other	(7)	-	(3)	(12)	(9)	6	(7)	(3)	
Net cash used in financing activities	(2,212)	(1,932)	(1,265)	(1,058)	(1,913)	(1,835)	(4,144)	(3,748)	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	52	79	62	(211)	7	92	131	99	
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	641	562	500	711	704	612	562	612	
CASH AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 693	\$ 641	\$ 562	\$ 500	\$ 711	\$ 704	\$ 693	\$ 711	

THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
ANALYSIS OF DEFERRED POLICY ACQUISITION COSTS
(\$ in millions)

Change in Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs
For the three months ended June 30, 2011

	Beginning balance March 31, 2011	Acquisition costs deferred	Amortization before adjustments ^{(1) (2)}	Amortization relating to realized capital gains and losses and valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged ⁽²⁾	Amortization (acceleration) deceleration (charged) credited to income ⁽²⁾	Effect of unrealized capital gains and losses	Ending balance June 30, 2011
Property-Liability	\$ 1,351	\$ 926	\$ (908)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,369
Allstate Financial:							
Traditional life and accident and health	702	42	(30)	-	-	-	714
Interest-sensitive life	2,236	56	(54)	(1)	-	(67)	2,170
Fixed annuity	405	8	(19)	(6)	-	(72)	316
Other	3	-	-	-	-	-	3
Sub-total	3,346	106	(103)	(7)	-	(139)	3,203
Consolidated	\$ 4,697	\$ 1,032	\$ (1,011)	\$ (7)	\$ -	\$ (139)	\$ 4,572

Change in Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs
For the three months ended June 30, 2010

	Beginning balance March 31, 2010	Acquisition costs deferred	Amortization before adjustments ^{(1) (2)}	Accretion (amortization) relating to realized capital gains and losses ⁽²⁾	Amortization (acceleration) deceleration (charged) credited to income ⁽²⁾	Effect of unrealized capital gains and losses	Ending balance June 30, 2010
Property-Liability	\$ 1,357	\$ 924	\$ (914)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,367
Allstate Financial:							
Traditional life and accident and health	659	37	(27)	-	-	-	669
Interest-sensitive life	2,209	70	5	8	-	(67)	2,225
Fixed annuity	956	16	(18)	(2)	-	(214)	738
Other	5	-	(1)	-	-	-	4
Sub-total	3,829	123	(41)	6	-	(281)	3,636
Consolidated	\$ 5,186	\$ 1,047	\$ (955)	\$ 6	\$ -	\$ (281)	\$ 5,003

⁽¹⁾ Amortization before adjustments reflects total DAC amortization before amortization/accretion related to realized capital gains and losses, valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged and amortization acceleration/deceleration charged/credited to income.

⁽²⁾ Included as a component of amortization of DAC on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
ANALYSIS OF DEFERRED POLICY ACQUISITION COSTS
(\$ in millions)

Change in Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs
For the six months ended June 30, 2011

Reconciliation of Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs as of June 30, 2011

	Beginning balance Dec. 31, 2010	Acquisition costs deferred	Amortization before adjustments ^{(1) (2)}	Amortization relating to realized capital gains and losses and valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged ⁽²⁾	Amortization (acceleration) deceleration (charged) credited to income ⁽²⁾	Effect of unrealized capital gains and losses	Ending balance June 30, 2011	DAC before impact of unrealized capital gains and losses	Impact of unrealized capital gains and losses	DAC after impact of unrealized capital gains and losses
Property-Liability	\$ 1,377	\$ 1,804	\$ (1,812)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,369	\$ 1,369	\$ -	\$ 1,369
Allstate Financial:										
Traditional life and accident and health	693	83	(62)	-	-	-	714	714	-	714
Interest-sensitive life	2,265	112	(108)	(11)	(17)	(71)	2,170	2,288	(118)	2,170
Fixed annuity	431	14	(33)	(31)	5	(70)	316	264	52	316
Other	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	3
Sub-total	3,392	209	(203)	(42)	(12)	(141)	3,203	3,269	(66)	3,203
Consolidated	\$ 4,769	\$ 2,013	\$ (2,015)	\$ (42)	\$ (12)	\$ (141)	\$ 4,572	\$ 4,638	\$ (66)	\$ 4,572

Property-Liability Underwriting Summary								
Allstate Protection	\$ (1,498)	\$ 333	\$ (45)	\$ 287	\$ 209	\$ 75	\$ (1,165)	\$ 284
Discontinued Lines and Coverages	(4)	(6)	(4)	(21)	(2)	(4)	(10)	(6)
Underwriting (loss) income	<u>\$ (1,502)</u>	<u>\$ 327</u>	<u>\$ (49)</u>	<u>\$ 266</u>	<u>\$ 207</u>	<u>\$ 71</u>	<u>\$ (1,175)</u>	<u>\$ 278</u>
Allstate Protection Underwriting Summary								
Premiums written	<u>\$ 6,611</u>	<u>\$ 6,216</u>	<u>\$ 6,241</u>	<u>\$ 6,767</u>	<u>\$ 6,640</u>	<u>\$ 6,258</u>	<u>\$ 12,827</u>	<u>\$ 12,898</u>
Premiums earned	\$ 6,457	\$ 6,449	\$ 6,441	\$ 6,498	\$ 6,513	\$ 6,503	\$ 12,906	\$ 13,016
Claims and claims expense	(6,352)	(4,472)	(4,838)	(4,582)	(4,713)	(4,790)	(10,824)	(9,503)
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs	(908)	(904)	(924)	(915)	(914)	(925)	(1,812)	(1,839)
Operating costs and expenses	(684)	(729)	(725)	(705)	(663)	(702)	(1,413)	(1,365)
Restructuring and related charges	(11)	(11)	1	(9)	(14)	(11)	(22)	(25)
Underwriting (loss) income	<u>\$ (1,498)</u>	<u>\$ 333</u>	<u>\$ (45)</u>	<u>\$ 287</u>	<u>\$ 209</u>	<u>\$ 75</u>	<u>\$ (1,165)</u>	<u>\$ 284</u>
Catastrophe losses	<u>\$ 2,339</u>	<u>\$ 333</u>	<u>\$ 537</u>	<u>\$ 386</u>	<u>\$ 636</u>	<u>\$ 648</u>	<u>\$ 2,672</u>	<u>\$ 1,284</u>
Operating ratios								
Loss ratio	98.4	69.3	75.1	70.5	72.4	73.6	83.9	73.0
Expense ratio	24.8	25.5	25.6	25.1	24.4	25.2	25.1	24.8
Combined ratio	<u>123.2</u>	<u>94.8</u>	<u>100.7</u>	<u>95.6</u>	<u>96.8</u>	<u>98.8</u>	<u>109.0</u>	<u>97.8</u>
Effect of catastrophe losses on combined ratio	<u>36.2</u>	<u>5.2</u>	<u>8.3</u>	<u>5.9</u>	<u>9.8</u>	<u>10.0</u>	<u>20.7</u>	<u>9.9</u>
Effect of restructuring and related charges on combined ratio	<u>0.2</u>	<u>0.2</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0.2</u>	<u>0.2</u>	<u>0.2</u>	<u>0.2</u>
Discontinued Lines and Coverages Underwriting Summary								
Premiums written	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (1)</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (1)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Premiums earned	\$ -	\$ (1)	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1)	\$ -
Claims and claims expense	(3)	(4)	(4)	(21)	(1)	(2)	(7)	(3)
Operating costs and expenses	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(2)	(2)	(3)
Underwriting loss	<u>\$ (4)</u>	<u>\$ (6)</u>	<u>\$ (4)</u>	<u>\$ (21)</u>	<u>\$ (2)</u>	<u>\$ (4)</u>	<u>\$ (10)</u>	<u>\$ (6)</u>
Effect of Discontinued Lines and Coverages on the Property-Liability combined ratio	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0.3</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0.1</u>	<u>0.1</u>

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THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
PROPERTY-LIABILITY PREMIUMS WRITTEN BY MARKET SEGMENT
(\$ in millions)

	Three months ended				Six months ended			
	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Allstate brand ⁽¹⁾								
Standard auto	\$ 3,911	\$ 3,984	\$ 3,843	\$ 4,028	\$ 3,948	\$ 4,023	\$ 7,895	\$ 7,971
Non-standard auto	197	210	203	223	220	237	407	457
Auto	<u>4,108</u>	<u>4,194</u>	<u>4,046</u>	<u>4,251</u>	<u>4,168</u>	<u>4,260</u>	<u>8,302</u>	<u>8,428</u>
Involuntary auto	21	19	22	18	25	16	40	41
Commercial lines	125	120	120	130	137	131	245	268
Homeowners	1,606	1,225	1,389	1,610	1,565	1,189	2,831	2,754
Other personal lines	478	413	408	468	457	399	891	856
	<u>6,338</u>	<u>5,971</u>	<u>5,985</u>	<u>6,477</u>	<u>6,352</u>	<u>5,995</u>	<u>12,309</u>	<u>12,347</u>
Encompass brand								
Standard auto	154	144	149	166	169	160	298	329
Non-standard auto	-	1	1	1	1	3	1	4
Auto	<u>154</u>	<u>145</u>	<u>150</u>	<u>167</u>	<u>170</u>	<u>163</u>	<u>299</u>	<u>333</u>
Involuntary auto	3	3	2	3	3	2	6	5
Homeowners	94	79	85	98	94	80	173	174
Other personal lines	22	18	19	22	21	18	40	39
	<u>273</u>	<u>245</u>	<u>256</u>	<u>290</u>	<u>288</u>	<u>263</u>	<u>518</u>	<u>551</u>
Allstate Protection	<u>6,611</u>	<u>6,216</u>	<u>6,241</u>	<u>6,767</u>	<u>6,640</u>	<u>6,258</u>	<u>12,827</u>	<u>12,898</u>
Discontinued Lines and Coverages	<u>-</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1)</u>	<u>-</u>
Property-Liability	<u>\$ 6,611</u>	<u>\$ 6,215</u>	<u>\$ 6,242</u>	<u>\$ 6,767</u>	<u>\$ 6,640</u>	<u>\$ 6,258</u>	<u>\$ 12,826</u>	<u>\$ 12,898</u>
Allstate Protection								
Standard auto	\$ 4,065	\$ 4,128	\$ 3,992	\$ 4,194	\$ 4,117	\$ 4,183	\$ 8,193	\$ 8,300
Non-standard auto	197	211	204	224	221	240	408	461
Auto	<u>4,262</u>	<u>4,339</u>	<u>4,196</u>	<u>4,418</u>	<u>4,338</u>	<u>4,423</u>	<u>8,601</u>	<u>8,761</u>
Involuntary auto	24	22	24	21	28	18	46	46
Commercial lines	125	120	120	130	137	131	245	268
Homeowners	1,700	1,304	1,474	1,708	1,659	1,269	3,004	2,928
Other personal lines	500	431	427	490	478	417	931	895
	<u>\$ 6,611</u>	<u>\$ 6,216</u>	<u>\$ 6,241</u>	<u>\$ 6,767</u>	<u>\$ 6,640</u>	<u>\$ 6,258</u>	<u>\$ 12,827</u>	<u>\$ 12,898</u>

⁽¹⁾ Allstate brand premiums written by the direct channel, excluding Allstate Canada, totaled \$200 million, \$206 million, \$184 million, \$195 million, \$181 million and \$185 million for the three months ended June 30, 2011, March 31, 2011, December 31, 2010, September 30, 2010, June 30, 2010 and March 31, 2010, respectively. Allstate brand premiums written by the direct channel totaled \$406 million and \$366 million for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2010, respectively. The direct channel includes call centers and the internet.

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Allstate brand	98.2	95.1	99.7	93.2	94.5	94.4	96.6	94.5
Encompass brand	107.1	103.8	103.7	105.8	100.0	103.1	105.4	101.6
Allstate Protection	98.6	95.4	99.9	93.8	94.8	94.9	97.0	94.8
Effect of catastrophe losses on loss ratio								
Allstate brand	6.7	0.5	0.8	0.4	2.0	0.7	3.6	1.3
Encompass brand	3.2	-	1.2	0.6	0.5	1.0	1.6	0.8

Allstate brand standard auto domestic operating measures ⁽²⁾

	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Operating measures ⁽³⁾								
Policies in force (in thousands)	17,420	17,456	17,484	17,479	17,529	17,581	17,420	17,529
New issued applications (in thousands) ⁽⁴⁾	472	519	526	537	498	464	991	962
New items added to existing policies (in thousands)	386	363	340	394	397	367	749	764
Average premium - gross written (\$) ⁽⁵⁾	442	439	442	441	444	443	441	444
Average premium - net earned (\$) ⁽⁶⁾	429	430	433	432	433	430	429	432
Renewal ratio (%)	89.2	88.9	88.4	88.7	89.0	88.8	89.0	88.9
Loss trends								
(% change year-over-year)								
Bodily injury claim frequency	(2.3)	3.1	7.7	7.5	4.2	5.4	0.3	4.8
Property damage claim frequency	(3.9)	1.2	2.4	3.7	1.9	(0.1)	(1.4)	0.9

⁽¹⁾ In the first six months of 2011, Florida and New York continue to have loss ratios higher than the countrywide average, but the results in these two key states have improved for three straight quarters, reducing the pressure on countrywide results.

⁽²⁾ Measures and statistics presented for Allstate brand exclude the Company's Canadian operations and specialty auto.

⁽³⁾ Refer to the Allstate Brand Domestic Operating Measures and Statistics table for descriptions of these measures.

⁽⁴⁾ Excluding Florida and New York (impacted by actions to improve profitability), new issued applications on a countrywide basis increased 2.4% to 422 thousand in the second quarter of 2011 from 412 thousand in the second quarter of 2010, and increased 9.3% to 871 thousand in the first six months of 2011 from 797 thousand in the first six months of 2010.

⁽⁵⁾ Net increases in insured cars by policy endorsement activity.

⁽⁶⁾ Average gross premium decreased in the second quarter and first six months of 2011 compared the same periods of 2010 primarily due to rate decreases taken from the second half of 2010 through the first quarter of 2011 to improve competitive position, as well as customer electing lower coverage levels on their policies.

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**THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
NON-STANDARD AUTO PROFITABILITY MEASURES**

	Three months ended				Six months ended			
	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Non-standard auto								
(\$ in millions)								
Net premiums written								
Allstate brand	\$ 197	\$ 210	\$ 203	\$ 223	\$ 220	\$ 237	\$ 407	\$ 457
Encompass brand	-	1	1	1	1	3	1	4
	197	211	204	224	221	240	408	461
Net premiums earned								
Allstate brand	\$ 205	\$ 210	\$ 216	\$ 222	\$ 228	\$ 230	\$ 415	\$ 458
Encompass brand	1	1	1	2	2	4	2	6
	206	211	217	224	230	234	417	464
Incurred losses								
Allstate brand	\$ 142	\$ 136	\$ 150	\$ 137	\$ 157	\$ 158	\$ 278	\$ 315
Encompass brand	1	1	1	2	2	4	2	6
	143	137	151	139	159	162	280	321
Expenses								
Allstate brand	\$ 48	\$ 48	\$ 38	\$ 61	\$ 60	\$ 56	\$ 96	\$ 116
Encompass brand	-	1	2	1	1	1	1	2
	48	49	40	62	61	57	97	118
Underwriting Income								
Allstate brand	\$ 15	\$ 26	\$ 28	\$ 24	\$ 11	\$ 16	\$ 41	\$ 27
Encompass brand	-	(1)	(2)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(2)
	15	25	26	23	10	15	40	25
Loss ratio								
Allstate brand	69.3	64.8	69.4	61.7	68.9	68.7	67.0	68.8
Encompass brand	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Allstate Protection	69.4	64.9	69.6	62.0	69.2	69.2	67.1	69.2
Expense ratio								
Allstate brand	23.4	22.8	17.6	27.5	26.3	24.3	23.1	25.3
Encompass brand	-	100.0	200.0	50.0	50.0	25.0	50.0	33.3
Allstate Protection	23.3	23.3	18.4	27.7	26.5	24.4	23.3	25.4
Combined ratio								
Allstate brand	92.7	87.6	87.0	89.2	95.2	93.0	90.1	94.1
Encompass brand	100.0	200.0	300.0	150.0	150.0	125.0	150.0	133.3
Allstate Protection	92.7	88.2	88.0	89.7	95.7	93.6	90.4	94.6
Effect of catastrophe losses on loss ratio								
Allstate brand	3.9	-	0.5	-	0.4	0.4	1.9	0.4
Encompass brand	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Allstate brand non-standard auto domestic operating measures ⁽³⁾

	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Operating measures ⁽²⁾								
Policies in force (in thousands)	599	627	640	671	706	724	599	706
New issued applications (in thousands)	59	78	63	70	77	99	137	176
Average premium - gross written (\$)	620	621	627	630	619	619	620	619
Average premium - net earned (\$)	573	579	576	571	573	571	576	572
Renewal ratio (%)	70.8	70.4	70.5	70.8	72.5	71.8	70.6	72.1
Loss trends								
(% change year-over-year)								
Bodily injury claim frequency	(2.4)	2.3	8.1	7.1	1.4	6.6	(0.1)	3.9
Property damage claim frequency	(1.8)	0.5	0.3	3.3	0.8	3.1	(0.6)	1.9

⁽¹⁾ Measures and statistics presented for Allstate brand exclude the Company's Canadian operations and specialty auto.

⁽²⁾ Refer to the Allstate Brand Domestic Operating Measures and Statistics page for descriptions of these measures.

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**THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
AUTO PROFITABILITY MEASURES**

	Three months ended				Six months ended			
	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Auto								
(\$ in millions)								
Net premiums written								
Allstate brand	\$ 4,108	\$ 4,194	\$ 4,046	\$ 4,251	\$ 4,168	\$ 4,260	\$ 8,302	\$ 8,428
Encompass brand	154	145	150	167	170	163	299	333
	<u>4,262</u>	<u>4,339</u>	<u>4,196</u>	<u>4,418</u>	<u>4,338</u>	<u>4,423</u>	<u>8,601</u>	<u>8,761</u>
Net premiums earned								
Allstate brand	\$ 4,143	\$ 4,138	\$ 4,157	\$ 4,183	\$ 4,197	\$ 4,173	\$ 8,281	\$ 8,370
Encompass brand	156	161	165	175	187	198	317	385
	<u>4,299</u>	<u>4,299</u>	<u>4,322</u>	<u>4,358</u>	<u>4,384</u>	<u>4,371</u>	<u>8,598</u>	<u>8,755</u>
Incurred losses								
Allstate brand	\$ 3,024	\$ 2,896	\$ 3,091	\$ 2,860	\$ 2,940	\$ 2,897	\$ 5,920	\$ 5,837
Encompass brand	123	122	126	133	137	153	245	290
	<u>3,147</u>	<u>3,018</u>	<u>3,217</u>	<u>2,993</u>	<u>3,077</u>	<u>3,050</u>	<u>6,165</u>	<u>6,127</u>
Expenses								
Allstate brand	\$ 1,034	\$ 1,022	\$ 1,028	\$ 1,031	\$ 1,029	\$ 1,041	\$ 2,056	\$ 2,070
Encompass brand	44	46	47	53	51	52	90	103
	<u>1,078</u>	<u>1,068</u>	<u>1,075</u>	<u>1,084</u>	<u>1,080</u>	<u>1,093</u>	<u>2,146</u>	<u>2,173</u>
Underwriting Income								
Allstate brand	\$ 85	\$ 220	\$ 38	\$ 292	\$ 228	\$ 235	\$ 305	\$ 463
Encompass brand	(11)	(7)	(8)	(11)	(1)	(7)	(18)	(8)
	<u>74</u>	<u>213</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>281</u>	<u>227</u>	<u>228</u>	<u>287</u>	<u>455</u>
Loss ratio								
Allstate brand	73.0	70.0	74.4	68.4	70.1	69.4	71.5	69.8
Encompass brand	78.9	75.8	76.3	76.0	73.2	77.3	77.3	75.3
Allstate Protection	73.2	70.2	74.5	68.7	70.2	69.8	71.7	70.0
Expense ratio								
Allstate brand	24.9	24.7	24.7	24.6	24.5	25.0	24.8	24.7
Encompass brand	28.2	28.5	28.5	30.3	27.3	26.2	28.4	26.8
Allstate Protection	25.1	24.8	24.8	24.9	24.6	25.0	25.0	24.8
Combined ratio								
Allstate brand	97.9	94.7	99.1	93.0	94.6	94.4	96.3	94.5
Encompass brand	107.1	104.3	104.8	106.3	100.5	103.5	105.7	102.1
Allstate Protection	98.3	95.0	99.3	93.6	94.8	94.8	96.7	94.8
Effect of catastrophe losses on loss ratio								
Allstate brand	6.6	0.4	0.8	0.4	1.9	0.7	3.5	1.3
Encompass brand	3.2	-	1.2	0.6	0.5	1.0	1.6	0.8
Effect of pre-tax reserve reestimates on combined ratio*								
Allstate brand	(2.1)	(0.6)	(1.2)	(0.9)	(2.1)	(0.1)	(1.4)	(1.1)
Encompass brand	(0.6)	3.1	(6.1)	(1.7)	1.6	5.1	1.3	3.4

Allstate brand auto domestic operating measures ⁽¹⁾

	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Operating measures ⁽²⁾								
Policies in force (in thousands)	18,019	18,083	18,124	18,150	18,235	18,305	18,019	18,235
New issued applications (in thousands)	531	597	589	607	575	563	1,128	1,138
Average premium - gross written (\$)	448	446	449	449	452	451	447	451
Average premium - net earned (\$)	434	435	438	437	439	436	435	437
Renewal ratio (%)	88.5	88.1	88.0	87.9	88.3	88.0	88.3	88.2
Loss trends								
(% change year-over-year)								
Bodily injury claim frequency	(2.7)	2.7	7.5	7.3	3.9	5.4	(0.1)	4.6
Property damage claim frequency	(4.0)	0.9	2.2	3.6	1.8	-	(1.6)	0.9
Paid severity - bodily injury	0.4	3.6	(0.2)	1.1	(1.0)	(1.3)	2.0	(1.1)
Paid severity - property damage	1.1	0.8	(1.7)	1.0	(1.5)	0.4	1.0	(0.5)

⁽¹⁾ Measures and statistics presented for Allstate brand exclude the Company's Canadian operations and specialty auto.

⁽²⁾ Refer to the Allstate Brand Domestic Operating Measures and Statistics page for descriptions of these measures.

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**THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
HOMEOWNERS PROFITABILITY MEASURES**

	Three months ended				Six months ended			
	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Homeowners								
(\$ in millions)								
Net premiums written								
Allstate brand	\$ 1,606	\$ 1,225	\$ 1,389	\$ 1,610	\$ 1,565	\$ 1,189	\$ 2,831	\$ 2,754
Encompass brand	94	79	85	98	94	80	173	174
	<u>1,700</u>	<u>1,304</u>	<u>1,474</u>	<u>1,708</u>	<u>1,659</u>	<u>1,269</u>	<u>3,004</u>	<u>2,928</u>
Net premiums earned								
Allstate brand	\$ 1,457	\$ 1,448	\$ 1,431	\$ 1,430	\$ 1,416	\$ 1,416	\$ 2,905	\$ 2,832
Encompass brand	91	91	93	96	96	100	182	196
	<u>1,548</u>	<u>1,539</u>	<u>1,524</u>	<u>1,526</u>	<u>1,512</u>	<u>1,516</u>	<u>3,087</u>	<u>3,028</u>
Incurred losses								
Allstate brand	\$ 2,493	\$ 983	\$ 1,113	\$ 1,151	\$ 1,169	\$ 1,239	\$ 3,476	\$ 2,408
Encompass brand	98	60	60	61	62	103	158	165
	<u>2,591</u>	<u>1,043</u>	<u>1,173</u>	<u>1,212</u>	<u>1,231</u>	<u>1,342</u>	<u>3,634</u>	<u>2,573</u>
Expenses								
Allstate brand	\$ 325	\$ 341	\$ 346	\$ 346	\$ 309	\$ 337	\$ 666	\$ 646
Encompass brand	29	28	28	31	29	29	57	58
	<u>354</u>	<u>369</u>	<u>374</u>	<u>377</u>	<u>338</u>	<u>366</u>	<u>723</u>	<u>704</u>
Underwriting Income								
Allstate brand	\$ (1,361)	\$ 124	\$ (28)	\$ (67)	\$ (62)	\$ (160)	\$ (1,237)	\$ (222)
Encompass brand	(36)	3	5	4	5	(32)	(33)	(27)
	<u>(1,397)</u>	<u>127</u>	<u>(23)</u>	<u>(63)</u>	<u>(57)</u>	<u>(192)</u>	<u>(1,270)</u>	<u>(249)</u>
Loss ratio								
Allstate brand	171.1	67.9	77.8	80.5	82.6	87.5	119.7	85.0
Encompass brand	107.7	65.9	64.5	63.5	64.6	103.0	86.8	84.2
Allstate Protection	167.4	67.7	77.0	79.4	81.4	88.5	117.7	85.0
Expense ratio								
Allstate brand	22.3	23.5	24.2	24.2	21.8	23.8	22.9	22.8

Encompass brand	31.9	30.8	30.1	32.3	30.2	29.0	31.3	29.6
Allstate Protection	22.8	24.0	24.5	24.7	22.4	24.2	23.4	23.2
Combined ratio								
Allstate brand	193.4	91.4	102.0	104.7	104.4	111.3	142.6	107.8
Encompass brand	139.6	96.7	94.6	95.8	94.8	132.0	118.1	113.8
Allstate Protection	190.2	91.7	101.5	104.1	103.8	112.7	141.1	108.2
Effect of catastrophe losses on loss ratio								
Allstate brand	123.2	17.7	30.3	23.1	34.7	37.1	70.6	35.9
Encompass brand	61.5	16.5	16.1	13.5	15.6	46.0	39.0	31.1
Effect of pre-tax reserve reestimates on combined ratio								
Allstate brand	0.3	(2.7)	(1.8)	5.2	(4.2)	(0.4)	(1.2)	(2.3)
Encompass brand	(1.1)	1.1	5.4	(7.3)	(1.0)	(2.0)	-	(1.5)

Allstate brand homeowners domestic operating measures ⁽¹⁾

	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Operating measures ⁽²⁾								
Policies in force (in thousands)	6,555	6,631	6,690	6,740	6,821	6,886	6,555	6,821
New issued applications (in thousands)	123	114	126	140	151	119	237	270
Average premium - gross written (\$)	989	975	963	953	933	921	983	927
Average premium - net earned (\$)	856	844	825	821	803	795	850	799
Renewal ratio (%)	88.4	88.3	88.5	88.6	88.3	88.0	88.3	88.2
Loss trends								
(% change year-over-year)								
Claim frequency excluding catastrophe losses	(0.8)	1.7	(8.5)	(2.3)	1.7	5.1	0.4	3.3
Claim severity excluding catastrophe losses	3.4	3.5	8.0	2.1	(0.7)	(2.1)	3.5	(0.1)

⁽¹⁾ Measures presented for Allstate brand exclude the Company's Canadian operations.

⁽²⁾ Refer to the Allstate Brand Domestic Operating Measures and Statistics page for descriptions of these measures.

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**THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
PROPERTY-LIABILITY
ALLSTATE BRAND DOMESTIC OPERATING MEASURES AND STATISTICS ⁽¹⁾**

Three months ended

	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010
Policies in Force ⁽²⁾ (in thousands)						
Standard auto	17,420	17,456	17,484	17,479	17,529	17,581
Non-standard auto	599	627	640	671	706	724
Auto	18,019	18,083	18,124	18,150	18,235	18,305
Homeowners	6,555	6,631	6,690	6,740	6,821	6,886
New Issued Applications ⁽³⁾ (in thousands)						
Standard auto	472	519	526	537	498	464
Non-standard auto	59	78	63	70	77	99
Auto	531	597	589	607	575	563
Homeowners	123	114	126	140	151	119
Average Premium - Gross Written ⁽⁴⁾ (\$)						
Standard auto	442	439	442	441	444	443
Non-standard auto	620	621	627	630	619	619
Auto	448	446	449	449	452	451
Homeowners	989	975	963	953	933	921
Average Premium - Net Earned ⁽⁵⁾ (\$)						
Standard auto	429	430	433	432	433	430
Non-standard auto	573	579	576	571	573	571
Auto	434	435	438	437	439	436
Homeowners	856	844	825	821	803	795
Renewal Ratio ⁽⁶⁾ (%)						
Standard auto	89.2	88.9	88.4	88.7	89.0	88.8
Non-standard auto	70.8	70.4	70.5	70.8	72.5	71.8
Auto	88.5	88.1	88.0	87.9	88.3	88.0
Homeowners	88.4	88.3	88.5	88.6	88.3	88.0
Bodily Injury Claim Frequency (% change year-over-year)						
Standard auto	(2.3)	3.1	7.7	7.5	4.2	5.4
Non-standard auto	(2.4)	2.3	8.1	7.1	1.4	6.6
Auto	(2.7)	2.7	7.5	7.3	3.9	5.4
Property Damage Claim Frequency (% change year-over-year)						
Standard auto	(3.9)	1.2	2.4	3.7	1.9	(0.1)
Non-standard auto	(1.8)	0.5	0.3	3.3	0.8	3.1
Auto	(4.0)	0.9	2.2	3.6	1.8	-
Auto Paid Severity (% change year-over-year)						
Bodily injury	0.4	3.6	(0.2)	1.1	(1.0)	(1.3)
Property damage	1.1	0.8	(1.7)	1.0	(1.5)	0.4
Homeowners Excluding Catastrophe Losses (% change year-over-year)						
Claim frequency	(0.8)	1.7	(8.5)	(2.3)	1.7	5.1
Claim severity	3.4	3.5	8.0	2.1	(0.7)	(2.1)

⁽¹⁾ Measures and statistics presented for Allstate brand exclude the Company's Canadian operations, loan protection and specialty auto.

⁽²⁾ Policies in Force: Policy counts are based on items rather than customers. A multi-car customer would generate multiple item (policy) counts, even if all cars were insured under one policy.

⁽³⁾ New Issued Applications: Item counts of automobiles or homeowners insurance applications for insurance policies that were issued during the period. Does not include automobiles that are added by existing customers.

⁽⁴⁾ Average Premium - Gross Written: Gross premiums written divided by issued item count. Gross premiums written include the impacts from discounts and surcharges; and exclude the impacts from mid-term premium adjustments, ceded reinsurance premiums, and premium refund accruals. Average premiums represent the appropriate policy term for each line, which is 6 months for auto and 12 months for homeowners.

⁽⁵⁾ Average Premium - Net Earned: Earned premium divided by average policies in force for the period. Earned premium includes the impacts from mid-term premium adjustments and ceded reinsurance, but does not include impacts of premium refund accruals. Average premiums represent the appropriate policy term for each line, which is 6 months for auto and 12 months for homeowners.

⁽⁶⁾ Renewal ratio: Renewal policies issued during the period, based on contract effective dates, divided by the total policies issued 6 months prior for auto (12 months prior for Encompass brand standard auto) or 12 months prior for homeowners.

THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
HOMEOWNERS SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION
(\$ in millions)

Six months ended June 30, 2011

Primary Exposure Groupings ⁽¹⁾	Earned premiums	Incurred losses	Loss ratios	Catastrophe losses	Effect of catastrophes on loss ratio	Number of catastrophes	Premium rate changes ⁽⁵⁾	
							Number of states	Annual impact of rate changes on state specific premiums written
Florida	\$ 48	\$ 45	93.8%	\$ 7	14.6%			
Other hurricane exposure states	1,582	2,069	130.8%	1,319	83.4%			
Total hurricane exposure states ⁽²⁾	1,630	2,114	129.7%	1,326	81.3%		13	8.8%
Other catastrophe exposure states	1,457	1,520	104.3%	797	54.7%		18	6.5%
Total	\$ 3,087	\$ 3,634	117.7%	\$ 2,123	68.8%	49	31	7.9%

Primary Exposure Groupings ⁽¹⁾	1992 to 2010 Historical Information					1992 to 2010 Historical Information (Adjusted for Industry Reinsurance or Insurance Mechanism)					
	Earned premiums	Incurred losses	Loss ratios	Catastrophe losses	Effect of catastrophes on loss ratio	Earned premiums ⁽⁴⁾	Incurred losses ⁽³⁾	Loss ratios ⁽³⁾	Catastrophe losses ⁽³⁾	Effect of catastrophes on loss ratio ⁽³⁾	Number of catastrophes
Florida	\$ 3,637	\$ 5,109	140.5%	\$ 3,560	97.9%	\$ 3,746	\$ 3,328	88.8%	\$ 1,778	47.5%	
Other hurricane exposure states	41,697	33,381	80.1%	11,766	28.2%	41,765	33,313	79.8%	11,698	28.0%	
Total hurricane exposure states ⁽²⁾	45,334	38,490	84.9%	15,326	33.8%	45,511	36,641	80.5%	13,476	29.6%	
Other catastrophe exposure states	38,784	29,451	75.9%	9,277	23.9%	38,785	27,609	71.2%	7,436	19.2%	
Total	\$ 84,118	\$ 67,941	80.8%	\$ 24,603	29.2%	\$ 84,296	\$ 64,250	76.2%	\$ 20,912	24.8%	1,273

⁽¹⁾ Basis of Presentation

This homeowners supplemental information schedule displays financial results for the homeowners business (defined to include standard homeowners, scheduled personal property and other than primary residence lines) for the period 1992 through 2011. The premiums and losses are presented on a GAAP basis with adjustments as indicated in Notes 3 and 4. Each state in which the Company writes business has been categorized into one of two exposure groupings (Hurricane or Other). Hurricane exposure states are comprised of those states in which hurricanes are the primary catastrophe exposure. However, the catastrophe losses for these states include losses due to other kinds of catastrophes. A catastrophe is defined by Allstate as an event that produces pre-tax losses before reinsurance in excess of \$1 million, and involves multiple first party policyholders, or an event that produces a number of claims in excess of a preset per-event threshold of average claims in a specific area, occurring within a certain amount of time following the event.

⁽²⁾ Hurricane Exposure States

Hurricane exposure states include the following coastal locations: Alabama, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Mississippi, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia and Washington, D.C.

⁽³⁾ Incurred Losses

Incurred losses (which include catastrophe losses) and Catastrophe losses, exclude the effects of those events for which the exposure is now covered, at least in part, by permanent industry reinsurance or insurance mechanism (i.e., Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund ("FHCF"), California Earthquake Authority) or with Hawaii hurricanes, coverage is being brokered to a non-affiliated insurance company. Mechanisms such as the FHCF and external reinsurance are available and are reflected in our capital structure and help mitigate exposure to these types of events. For the period 1992 - 2010, Incurred losses and Catastrophe losses for the Hurricane exposure states were adjusted to exclude \$1.8 billion for losses related to Hurricane Andrew. Incurred losses and Catastrophe losses for the Other catastrophe exposure states were adjusted to exclude an additional \$1.8 billion for losses related to certain California earthquakes and Hawaii hurricanes. Subsequent catastrophes of a similar magnitude are not excluded from the exhibit. Through the use of the insurance mechanisms, Allstate may have a contingent liability for industry assessments and losses exceeding the claims paying capacity of these mechanisms as discussed in the Annual Report on Form 10-K.

⁽⁴⁾ Earned Premiums

Earned premiums for the Hurricane exposure locations was adjusted to add back premium ceded to third party reinsurers of \$178 million for hurricane reinsurance purchased in Florida, the Northeast and other states during the period 1992 to 2005. These programs support management actions that address hurricane exposures. Mechanisms such as the FHCF and external reinsurance are available and are reflected in our capital structure because they help mitigate exposure to these types of events, but no impact is reflected in earned premiums above.

⁽⁵⁾ Premium Rate Changes

Represents the impact in the states where rate changes were approved during the year as a percentage of total prior year-end premiums written in those states.

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THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
PROPERTY-LIABILITY
EFFECT OF CATASTROPHE LOSSES ON THE COMBINED RATIO
(\$ in millions, except ratios)

	Effect of all catastrophe losses on the Property-Liability combined ratio					Premiums earned year-to-date	Total catastrophe losses by year	Excludes the effect of catastrophe losses relating to earthquakes and hurricanes		
	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Year			Total catastrophe losses by year	Effect on the Property-Liability combined ratio	
									Total catastrophe losses by year	Effect on the Property-Liability combined ratio
1992 ⁽³⁾	3.2	7.1	48.7	25.5	21.2	\$ 15,542	\$ 3,301	\$ 680	4.4	
1993 ⁽³⁾	5.8	3.0	1.2	3.8	3.4	16,039	547	607	3.8	
1994 ⁽³⁾	27.4	4.4	9.5	7.3	12.0	16,513	1,989	529	3.2	
1995	4.0	7.8	3.8	5.0	5.2	17,540	905	683	3.9	
1996	5.1	6.0	6.4	3.8	5.4	18,366	983	837	4.6	
1997	2.4	2.6	2.6	0.3	2.0	18,604	365	325	1.7	
1998	2.5	6.3	3.9	3.4	4.0	19,307	780	615	3.2	
1999	2.6	5.6	5.4	2.7	4.1	20,112	816	623	3.1	
2000	7.0	6.7	1.7	2.3	4.4	21,871	967	930	4.3	
2001	1.5	9.8	2.5	2.4	4.0	22,197	894	763	3.4	
2002	1.9	5.0	1.6	4.0	3.1	23,361	731	638	2.7	
2003	2.2	9.2	6.1	6.5	6.0	24,677	1,489	1,256	5.1	
2004	1.6	3.8	26.0	6.2	9.5	25,989	2,468	467	1.8	
2005	2.5	2.2	69.4	9.6	21.0	27,039	5,674	460	1.7	
2006	1.6	3.7	2.5	4.1	3.0	27,369	810	1,044	3.8	
2007	2.4	6.3	5.0	7.0	5.2	27,233	1,409	1,336	4.9	
2008	8.4	10.3	26.8	3.9	12.4	26,967	3,342	1,876	7.0	
2009	7.8	12.5	6.2	5.0	7.9	26,194	2,069	2,159	8.2	
2010	10.0	9.8	5.9	8.3	8.5	25,957	2,207	2,272	8.8	
2011	5.2	36.2	-	-	20.7	12,905	2,672	2,673	20.7	
Average ⁽³⁾	5.0	8.3	12.9	5.7	7.9				4.8	

Excludes the effect of catastrophe losses relating to Hurricane Andrew, California Earthquakes, and Hawaii Hurricanes ⁽¹⁾

	Quarter 1	Quarter 2	Quarter 3	Quarter 4	Year	Premiums earned year-to-date	Total catastrophe losses by year
1992 ⁽³⁾	3.2	7.0	4.5	2.9	4.4	\$ 15,542	\$ 681

1993 ⁽³⁾	5.6	3.0	1.5	5.1	3.8	16,039	607
1994 ⁽³⁾	5.1	3.8	1.7	2.5	3.2	16,513	535
1995	4.0	7.7	1.8	5.0	4.6	17,540	843
1996	5.1	6.0	6.4	3.8	5.4	18,366	991
1997	2.4	2.6	1.8	0.3	1.8	18,604	329
1998	2.0	6.3	3.9	2.2	3.6	19,307	695
1999	2.6	5.6	5.4	2.3	3.9	20,112	790
2000	7.0	6.7	1.5	1.8	4.3	21,871	930
2001	1.5	8.1	2.5	1.7	3.5	22,197	769
2002	1.8	5.0	1.6	3.6	3.0	23,361	706
2003	2.1	9.0	6.1	6.4	5.9	24,677	1,458
2004	1.6	3.8	26.0	6.2	9.5	25,989	2,468
2005	2.5	2.2	69.4	9.6	21.0	27,039	5,674
2006	1.6	3.7	2.5	4.1	3.0	27,369	810
2007	2.4	6.3	5.0	7.0	5.2	27,233	1,409
2008	8.4	10.3	26.8	3.9	12.4	26,967	3,342
2009	7.8	12.5	6.2	5.0	7.9	26,194	2,069
2010	10.0	9.8	5.9	8.3	8.5	25,957	2,207
2011	5.2	36.2	-	-	20.7	12,905	2,672
Average ⁽²⁾	4.1	8.2	10.8	4.5	6.9		

⁽¹⁾ The effect of Catastrophe losses on the combined ratio is presented excluding the effects of those events for which the exposure is now covered by an industry reinsurance or insurance mechanism (i.e., Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund and California Earthquake Authority) or with Hawaii hurricanes, coverage is being brokered to a non-affiliated insurance company (see the "Commitments, Guarantees and Contingent Liabilities" footnote to the Consolidated Financial Statements).

⁽²⁾ The effect of Catastrophes and Catastrophes excluding extraordinary catastrophes on the Combined Ratio calculated as an average for all periods since 1992.

⁽³⁾ The years 1992-1994 have been adjusted to exclude the premiums earned of the PMI Group, a mortgage guarantee insurer that was sold in 1995.

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THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
ALLSTATE PROTECTION HISTORICAL CATASTROPHE BY SIZE OF EVENT
(\$ in millions, except ratios)

Three months ended June 30, 2011

Size of catastrophe	Number of events		Claim and claim expense		Combined ratio impact	Average catastrophe loss per event
Greater than \$250 million	3	9.1 %	\$ 1,172	50.1 %	18.1	\$ 391
\$101 million to \$250 million	3	9.1	470	20.1	7.3	157
\$50 million to \$100 million	6	18.2	443	18.9	6.9	74
Less than \$50 million	21	63.6	250	10.7	3.9	12
Total	33	100.0 %	2,335	99.8	36.2	71
Prior year reserve reestimates			(17)	(0.7)	(0.3)	
Prior quarter reserve reestimates			21	0.9	0.3	
Total catastrophe losses			\$ 2,339	100.0 %	36.2	

Six months ended June 30, 2011

Size of catastrophe	Number of events		Claim and claim expense		Combined ratio impact	Average catastrophe loss per event
Greater than \$250 million	3	6.1 %	\$ 1,172	43.8 %	9.1	\$ 391
\$101 million to \$250 million	3	6.1	470	17.6	3.6	157
\$50 million to \$100 million	8	16.3	609	22.8	4.7	76
Less than \$50 million	35	71.5	472	17.7	3.7	13
Total	49	100.0 %	2,723	101.9	21.1	56
Prior year reserve reestimates			(51)	(1.9)	(0.4)	
Total catastrophe losses			\$ 2,672	100.0 %	20.7	

1995 through June 30, 2011

Size of catastrophe	Principal state with loss	Number of events		Claim and claim expense		Combined ratio impact	Average catastrophe loss per event
Greater than \$250 million				\$ 3,592	12.6 %	0.9	\$ 3,592
Hurricane Katrina - 2005	LA			891	3.1	0.2	891
Hurricane Rita - 2005	TX			863	3.0	0.2	863
Hurricane Ike - 2008	TX			632	2.2	0.2	632
Hurricane Ivan - 2004	FL			604	2.1	0.2	604
Hurricane Charley - 2004	FL			550	1.9	0.1	550
Hurricane Frances - 2004	FL			547	1.9	0.1	547
May 2011 Tornadoes	TX, OH, MO			544	1.9	0.1	544
Hurricane Wilma - 2005	FL			358	1.3	0.1	358
April 27th 2011 Tornadoes	AL			355	1.3	0.1	355
Arizona Hail - 2010	AZ			335	1.2	0.1	335
Hurricane Jeanne - 2004	FL			300	1.1	0.1	300
October 2003 Fires	CA			271	0.9	0.1	271
Hurricane Gustav - 2008	LA			267	0.9	0.1	267
April 24th 2011 Tornadoes	TN						
Greater than \$250 million		14	1.2 %	10,109	35.4	2.6	722
\$101 million to \$250 million		23	2.0	3,525	12.3	0.9	153
\$50 million to \$100 million		61	5.4	4,314	15.1	1.1	71
Less than \$50 million		1,035	91.4	10,633	37.2	2.8	10
Total		1,133	100.0 %	\$ 28,581	100.0 %	7.4	25

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THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
PROPERTY-LIABILITY
EFFECT OF PRE-TAX PRIOR YEAR RESERVE REESTIMATES ON THE COMBINED RATIO
(\$ in millions, except ratios)

	Three months ended				Six months ended			
	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Pre-tax Reserve Reestimates⁽¹⁾								
Auto	\$ (90)	\$ (19)	\$ (59)	\$ (40)	\$ (85)	\$ 5	\$ (109)	\$ (80)
Homeowners	3	(38)	(21)	67	(61)	(8)	(35)	(69)
Other personal lines	36	13	80	(38)	(5)	(22)	49	(27)
Allstate Protection ⁽²⁾	(51)	(44)	-	(11)	(151)	(25)	(95)	(176)

Discontinued Lines and Coverages	4	3	3	22	1	2	7	3
Property-Liability	\$ (47)	\$ (41)	\$ 3	\$ 11	\$ (150)	\$ (23)	\$ (88)	\$ (173)
Allstate brand	\$ (49)	\$ (48)	\$ 5	\$ -	\$ (152)	\$ (34)	\$ (97)	\$ (186)
Encompass brand	(2)	4	(5)	(11)	1	9	2	10
Allstate Protection ⁽²⁾	\$ (51)	\$ (44)	\$ -	\$ (11)	\$ (151)	\$ (25)	\$ (95)	\$ (176)
Effect of Pre-tax Reserve Reestimates on Combined Ratio ⁽¹⁾								
Auto	(1.4)	(0.3)	(0.9)	(0.6)	(1.3)	0.1	(0.8)	(0.6)
Homeowners	-	(0.6)	(0.3)	1.0	(0.9)	(0.1)	(0.3)	(0.6)
Other personal lines	0.6	0.2	1.2	(0.6)	(0.1)	(0.4)	0.4	(0.2)
Allstate Protection ⁽²⁾	(0.8)	(0.7)	-	(0.2)	(2.3)	(0.4)	(0.7)	(1.4)
Discontinued Lines and Coverages	0.1	-	0.1	0.4	-	-	-	0.1
Property-Liability	(0.7)	(0.7)	0.1	0.2	(2.3)	(0.4)	(0.7)	(1.3)
Allstate brand	(0.8)	(0.8)	0.1	-	(2.3)	(0.5)	(0.7)	(1.5)
Encompass brand	-	0.1	(0.1)	(0.2)	-	0.1	-	0.1
Allstate Protection ⁽²⁾	(0.8)	(0.7)	-	(0.2)	(2.3)	(0.4)	(0.7)	(1.4)

⁽¹⁾ Favorable reserve reestimates are shown in parentheses.

⁽²⁾ Favorable reserve reestimates included in catastrophe losses totaled \$17 million and \$83 million in the three months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Favorable reserve reestimates included in catastrophe losses totaled \$51 million and \$98 million in the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

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**THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
ASBESTOS AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESERVES
(\$ in millions)**

	Three months ended		Twelve months ended December 31,				
	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
(net of reinsurance)							
Asbestos claims							
Beginning reserves	\$ 1,091	\$ 1,100	\$ 1,180	\$ 1,228	\$ 1,302	\$ 1,375	\$ 1,373
Incurred claims and claims expense	-	-	5	(8)	8	17	86
Claims and claims expense paid	1	(9)	(85)	(40)	(82)	(90)	(84)
Ending reserves	\$ 1,092	\$ 1,091	\$ 1,100	\$ 1,180	\$ 1,228	\$ 1,302	\$ 1,375
Claims and claims expense paid as a percent of ending reserves	(0.1)%	0.8%	7.7%	3.4%	6.7%	6.9%	6.1%
Environmental claims							
Beginning reserves	\$ 193	\$ 201	\$ 198	\$ 195	\$ 232	\$ 194	\$ 205
Incurred claims and claims expense	-	-	18	13	-	63	10
Claims and claims expense paid	(1)	(8)	(15)	(10)	(37)	(25)	(21)
Ending reserves	\$ 192	\$ 193	\$ 201	\$ 198	\$ 195	\$ 232	\$ 194
Claims and claims expense paid as a percent of ending reserves	0.5%	4.1%	7.5%	5.1%	19.0%	10.8%	10.8%

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**THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
ALLSTATE FINANCIAL RESULTS
(\$ in millions)**

	Three months ended				Six months ended			
	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Investments	\$ 59,659	\$ 60,484	\$ 61,582	\$ 62,915	\$ 61,804	\$ 62,336	\$ 59,659	\$ 61,804
Premiums	\$ 286	\$ 312	\$ 273	\$ 290	\$ 286	\$ 289	\$ 598	\$ 575
Contract charges	261	257	258	258	259	255	518	514
Net investment income	694	684	692	707	723	731	1,378	1,454
Periodic settlements and accruals on non-hedge derivative instruments	19	17	13	10	11	17	36	28
Contract benefits	(422)	(454)	(443)	(445)	(485)	(442)	(876)	(927)
Interest credited to contractholder funds	(412)	(425)	(439)	(446)	(450)	(463)	(837)	(913)
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs	(103)	(113)	(86)	(101)	(41)	(58)	(216)	(99)
Operating costs and expenses	(110)	(109)	(115)	(118)	(116)	(120)	(219)	(236)
Restructuring and related charges	-	2	2	-	1	-	2	1
Income tax expense on operations	(72)	(55)	(51)	(47)	(63)	(70)	(127)	(133)
Operating income	141	116	104	108	125	139	257	264
Realized capital gains and losses, after-tax	40	25	23	(25)	(230)	(105)	65	(335)
Valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged, after-tax	(3)	8	-	-	-	-	5	-
DAC and DSI (amortization) accretion relating to realized capital gains and losses and valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged, after-tax	(5)	(26)	(43)	7	4	(2)	(31)	2
DAC and DSI unlocking relating to realized capital gains and losses, after-tax	-	1	-	-	-	(18)	1	(18)
Reclassification of periodic settlements and accruals on non-hedge derivative instruments, after-tax	(11)	(12)	(8)	(7)	(7)	(11)	(23)	(18)
Gain (loss) on disposition of operations, after-tax	4	(15)	-	2	1	1	(11)	2

THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
ALLSTATE FINANCIAL PREMIUMS AND CONTRACT CHARGES
(\$ in millions)

	Three months ended				Six months ended			
	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
PREMIUMS AND CONTRACT CHARGES - BY PRODUCT								
Underwritten Products								
Traditional life insurance premiums	\$ 109	\$ 108	\$ 103	\$ 107	\$ 104	\$ 106	\$ 217	\$ 210
Accident and health insurance premiums	162	161	157	157	151	156	323	307
Interest-sensitive life insurance contract charges	253	248	251	249	249	242	501	491
	<u>524</u>	<u>517</u>	<u>511</u>	<u>513</u>	<u>504</u>	<u>504</u>	<u>1,041</u>	<u>1,008</u>
Annuities								
Immediate annuities with life contingencies premiums	15	43	13	26	31	27	58	58
Other fixed annuity contract charges	8	9	7	9	10	13	17	23
	<u>23</u>	<u>52</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>41</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>75</u>	<u>81</u>
Total	<u>\$ 547</u>	<u>\$ 569</u>	<u>\$ 531</u>	<u>\$ 548</u>	<u>\$ 545</u>	<u>\$ 544</u>	<u>\$ 1,116</u>	<u>\$ 1,089</u>
PREMIUMS AND CONTRACT CHARGES - BY DISTRIBUTION CHANNEL								
Allstate agencies	\$ 256	\$ 251	\$ 253	\$ 247	\$ 247	\$ 246	\$ 507	\$ 493
Workplace enrolling agents	169	168	166	166	161	161	337	322
Other	122	150	112	135	137	137	272	274
Total	<u>\$ 547</u>	<u>\$ 569</u>	<u>\$ 531</u>	<u>\$ 548</u>	<u>\$ 545</u>	<u>\$ 544</u>	<u>\$ 1,116</u>	<u>\$ 1,089</u>

THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
CHANGE IN CONTRACTHOLDER FUNDS
(\$ in millions)

	Three months ended				Six months ended			
	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Beginning balance	\$ 46,834	\$ 48,195	\$ 48,936	\$ 49,443	\$ 51,027	\$ 52,582	\$ 48,195	\$ 52,582
Deposits								
Fixed annuities	142	164	180	224	237	291	306	528
Interest-sensitive life insurance	316	329	363	363	391	395	645	786
Bank and other deposits	97	213	246	262	234	252	310	486
Total deposits	<u>555</u>	<u>706</u>	<u>789</u>	<u>849</u>	<u>862</u>	<u>938</u>	<u>1,261</u>	<u>1,800</u>
Interest credited	413	410	439	445	448	462	823	910
Maturities, benefits, withdrawals and other adjustments								
Maturities and retirements of institutional products	(306)	(487)	(49)	(3)	(827)	(954)	(793)	(1,781)
Benefits	(367)	(372)	(365)	(397)	(395)	(395)	(739)	(790)
Surrenders and partial withdrawals	(1,723)	(1,293)	(1,305)	(1,295)	(1,355)	(1,248)	(3,016)	(2,603)
Contract charges	(255)	(251)	(252)	(247)	(243)	(241)	(506)	(484)
Net transfers from separate accounts	3	3	3	3	3	2	6	5
Fair value hedge adjustments for institutional products	-	(34)	(23)	24	(74)	(123)	(34)	(197)
Other adjustments	(76)	(43)	22	114	(3)	4	(119)	1
Total maturities, benefits, withdrawals and other adjustments	<u>(2,724)</u>	<u>(2,477)</u>	<u>(1,969)</u>	<u>(1,801)</u>	<u>(2,894)</u>	<u>(2,955)</u>	<u>(5,201)</u>	<u>(5,849)</u>
Ending balance	<u>\$ 45,078</u>	<u>\$ 46,834</u>	<u>\$ 48,195</u>	<u>\$ 48,936</u>	<u>\$ 49,443</u>	<u>\$ 51,027</u>	<u>\$ 45,078</u>	<u>\$ 49,443</u>

THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
ALLSTATE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF NET INCOME
(\$ in millions)

	Three months ended				Six months ended			
	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Benefit spread								
Premiums	\$ 286	\$ 312	\$ 273	\$ 290	\$ 286	\$ 289	\$ 598	\$ 575
Cost of insurance contract charges ⁽¹⁾	162	162	161	161	159	156	324	315
Contract benefits excluding the implied interest on immediate annuities with life contingencies ⁽²⁾	(287)	(319)	(307)	(310)	(346)	(303)	(606)	(649)
Total benefit spread	<u>161</u>	<u>155</u>	<u>127</u>	<u>141</u>	<u>99</u>	<u>142</u>	<u>316</u>	<u>241</u>
Investment spread								
Net investment income	694	684	692	707	723	731	1,378	1,454
Implied interest on immediate annuities with life contingencies	(135)	(135)	(136)	(135)	(139)	(139)	(270)	(278)
Interest credited to contractholder funds	(417)	(418)	(449)	(445)	(450)	(463)	(835)	(913)
Total investment spread	<u>142</u>	<u>131</u>	<u>107</u>	<u>127</u>	<u>134</u>	<u>129</u>	<u>273</u>	<u>263</u>

Surrender charges and contract maintenance expense fees ⁽¹⁾	99	95	97	97	100	99	194	199
Realized capital gains and losses	62	39	36	(38)	(353)	(162)	101	(515)
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs	(110)	(147)	(141)	(91)	(35)	(89)	(257)	(124)
Operating costs and expenses	(110)	(109)	(115)	(118)	(116)	(120)	(219)	(236)
Restructuring and related charges	-	2	2	-	1	-	2	1
Gain (loss) on disposition of operations	6	(23)	(1)	4	2	1	(17)	3
Income tax (expense) benefit on operations	(84)	(46)	(36)	(37)	61	4	(130)	65
Net income (loss)	\$ 166	\$ 97	\$ 76	\$ 85	\$ (107)	\$ 4	\$ 263	\$ (103)
Benefit spread by product group								
Life insurance	\$ 98	\$ 93	\$ 78	\$ 93	\$ 23	\$ 88	\$ 191	\$ 111
Accident and health insurance	71	74	63	65	60	64	145	124
Annuities	(8)	(12)	(14)	(17)	16	(10)	(20)	6
Total benefit spread	\$ 161	\$ 155	\$ 127	\$ 141	\$ 99	\$ 142	\$ 316	\$ 241
Investment spread by product group								
Annuities and institutional products	\$ 51	\$ 48	\$ 31	\$ 44	\$ 54	\$ 50	\$ 99	\$ 104
Life insurance	14	11	11	11	6	7	25	13
Allstate Bank products	6	8	7	8	8	8	14	16
Accident and health insurance	5	5	5	5	4	4	10	8
Net investment income on investments supporting capital	66	59	53	59	62	60	125	122
Total investment spread	\$ 142	\$ 131	\$ 107	\$ 127	\$ 134	\$ 129	\$ 273	\$ 263
⁽¹⁾ Reconciliation of contract charges								
Cost of insurance contract charges	\$ 162	\$ 162	\$ 161	\$ 161	\$ 159	\$ 156	\$ 324	\$ 315
Surrender charges and contract maintenance expense fees	99	95	97	97	100	99	194	199
Total contract charges	\$ 261	\$ 257	\$ 258	\$ 258	\$ 259	\$ 255	\$ 518	\$ 514
⁽²⁾ Reconciliation of contract benefits								
Contract benefits excluding the implied interest on immediate annuities with life contingencies	\$ (287)	\$ (319)	\$ (307)	\$ (310)	\$ (346)	\$ (303)	\$ (606)	\$ (649)
Implied interest on immediate annuities with life contingencies	(135)	(135)	(136)	(135)	(139)	(139)	(270)	(278)
Total contract benefits	\$ (422)	\$ (454)	\$ (443)	\$ (445)	\$ (485)	\$ (442)	\$ (876)	\$ (927)

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**THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
ALLSTATE FINANCIAL WEIGHTED AVERAGE INVESTMENT SPREADS**

	Three months ended June 30, 2011			Three months ended June 30, 2010		
	Weighted average investment yield	Weighted average interest crediting rate	Weighted average investment spreads	Weighted average investment yield	Weighted average interest crediting rate	Weighted average investment spreads
Interest-sensitive life insurance	5.5 %	4.2 %	1.3 %	5.5 %	4.4 %	1.1 %
Deferred fixed annuities and institutional products	4.6	3.3	1.3	4.5	3.2	1.3
Immediate fixed annuities with and without life contingencies	6.4	6.3	0.1	6.5	6.4	0.1
Investments supporting capital, traditional life and other products	3.8	n/a	n/a	3.7	n/a	n/a

	Six months ended June 30, 2011			Six months ended June 30, 2010		
	Weighted average investment yield	Weighted average interest crediting rate	Weighted average investment spreads	Weighted average investment yield	Weighted average interest crediting rate	Weighted average investment spreads
Interest-sensitive life insurance	5.5 %	4.2 %	1.3 %	5.5 %	4.4 %	1.1 %
Deferred fixed annuities and institutional products	4.6	3.3	1.3	4.5	3.2	1.3
Immediate fixed annuities with and without life contingencies	6.3	6.3	-	6.5	6.4	0.1
Investments supporting capital, traditional life and other products	3.7	n/a	n/a	3.7	n/a	n/a

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**THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
CORPORATE AND OTHER RESULTS
(\$ in millions)**

	Three months ended				Six months ended			
	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Net investment income	\$ 16	\$ 14	\$ 15	\$ 14	\$ 16	\$ 15	\$ 30	\$ 31
Operating costs and expenses	(98)	(91)	(86)	(95)	(101)	(97)	(189)	(198)
Income tax benefit on operations	32	31	32	31	33	32	63	65
Operating loss	(50)	(46)	(39)	(50)	(52)	(50)	(96)	(102)
Realized capital gains and losses, after-tax	2	-	(1)	1	5	2	2	7
Net loss	\$ (48)	\$ (46)	\$ (40)	\$ (49)	\$ (47)	\$ (48)	\$ (94)	\$ (95)

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Foreign government	482	3,428	116.4	350	3,252	112.1	306	3,314	110.2
RMBS	(693)	8,499	92.5	(954)	8,961	90.4	(1,231)	9,112	88.1
CMBS	(382)	1,993	83.9	(553)	2,132	79.4	(768)	2,452	76.1
ABS	(270)	4,010	93.7	(390)	3,572	90.2	(387)	3,297	89.5
Redeemable preferred stock	2	38	105.6	1	39	102.6	2	40	105.3
Total fixed income securities	2,407	83,193	103.0	500	81,925	100.6	(1,202)	81,284	98.5
Equity securities	260	3,707	107.5	(102)	3,254	97.0	371	3,807	110.8
Short-term investments	-	2,776	100.0	-	2,414	100.0	-	2,482	100.0
Derivatives	(17)	318	94.9	2	283	100.7	(18)	437	96.0
Unrealized net capital gains and losses, pre-tax	\$ 2,650	\$ 89,994	103.0	\$ 400	\$ 87,876	100.5	\$ (849)	\$ 88,010	99.0
Amounts recognized for:									
Insurance reserves ⁽³⁾	(608)			(292)			-		
DAC and DSI ⁽⁴⁾	(49)			403			726		
Amounts recognized	(657)			111			726		
Deferred income taxes	(701)			(183)			39		
Unrealized net capital gains and losses, after-tax	\$ 1,292			\$ 328			\$ (84)		

⁽¹⁾ The comparison of percentages from period to period may be distorted by investment transactions such as sales, purchases and impairment write-downs.

⁽²⁾ Unrealized net capital gains and losses for limited partnership interest represent the Company's share of Equity Method of Accounting ("EMA") limited partnerships' other comprehensive income. Fair value and amortized cost are not applicable.

⁽³⁾ The insurance reserves adjustment represents the amount by which the reserve balance would increase if the net unrealized gains in the applicable product portfolios were realized and reinvested at current lower interest rates, resulting in a premium deficiency. Although we evaluate premium deficiencies on the combined performance of our life insurance and immediate annuities with life contingencies, the adjustment primarily relates to structured settlement annuities with life contingencies, in addition to annuity buy-outs and certain payout annuities with life contingencies.

⁽⁴⁾ The DAC and DSI adjustment balance represents the amount by which the amortization of DAC and DSI would increase or decrease if the unrealized gains or losses in the respective product portfolios were realized.

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THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
GROSS UNREALIZED GAINS AND LOSSES ON FIXED INCOME SECURITIES BY TYPE AND SECTOR
(\$ in millions)

As of June 30, 2011

	Par value ⁽¹⁾	Amortized cost	Gross unrealized		Fair value	Amortized cost as a percent of par value ⁽²⁾	Fair value as a percent of par value ⁽²⁾
			Gains	Losses			
Corporate:							
Banking	\$ 4,414	\$ 4,330	\$ 144	\$ (90)	\$ 4,384	98.1 %	99.3 %
Utilities	6,732	6,754	475	(45)	7,184	100.3	106.7
Consumer goods (cyclical and non-cyclical)	7,296	7,407	329	(31)	7,705	101.5	105.6
Capital goods	4,751	4,765	275	(22)	5,018	100.3	105.6
Financial services	3,899	3,849	149	(21)	3,977	98.7	102.0
Transportation	1,883	1,901	110	(14)	1,997	101.0	106.1
Basic industry	2,019	2,036	104	(9)	2,131	100.8	105.5
Communications	2,752	2,757	121	(8)	2,870	100.2	104.3
Technology	1,751	1,769	67	(6)	1,830	101.0	104.5
Energy	3,047	3,089	163	(3)	3,249	101.4	106.6
FDIC guaranteed	157	158	2	-	160	100.6	101.9
Other	1,890	1,795	75	(6)	1,864	95.0	98.6
Total corporate fixed income portfolio	40,591	40,610	2,014	(255)	42,369	100.0	104.4
U.S. government and agencies	6,413	5,872	318	(3)	6,187	91.6	96.5
Municipal	16,746	14,557	491	(375)	14,673	86.9	87.6
Foreign government	3,079	2,720	327	(4)	3,043	88.3	98.8
RMBS	7,058	6,356	203	(569)	5,990	90.1	84.9
CMBS	2,102	2,083	57	(154)	1,986	99.1	94.5
ABS	4,521	4,281	95	(234)	4,142	94.7	91.6
Redeemable preferred stock	21	23	1	-	24	109.5	114.3
Total fixed income securities	\$ 80,531	\$ 76,502	\$ 3,506	\$ (1,594)	\$ 78,414	95.0	97.4

⁽¹⁾ Included in par value are zero-coupon securities that are generally purchased at a deep discount to the par value that is received at maturity. These primarily included corporate, U.S. government and agencies, municipal and foreign government zero-coupon securities with par value of \$534 million, \$1.43 billion, \$3.63 billion and \$1.12 billion, respectively.

⁽²⁾ Excluding the impact of zero-coupon securities, the percentage of amortized cost to par value would be 100.4% for corporates, 101.2% for U.S. government and agencies, 99.9% for municipals and 103.6% for foreign governments. Similarly, excluding the impact of zero-coupon securities, the percentage of fair value to par value would be 104.7% for corporates, 104.6% for U.S. government and agencies, 101.1% for municipals and 110.1% for foreign governments.

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THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
FAIR VALUE AND UNREALIZED NET CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES FOR FIXED INCOME SECURITIES BY CREDIT RATING
(\$ in millions)

As of June 30, 2011

	Aaa		Aa		A		Baa		Ba or lower ⁽¹⁾		Total		
	Fair value	Unrealized gain/(loss)	Fair value	Unrealized gain/(loss)	Fair value	Unrealized gain/(loss)	Fair value	Unrealized gain/(loss)	Fair value	Unrealized gain/(loss)	Par value	Fair value	Unrealized gain/(loss)
U.S. government and agencies	\$ 6,187	\$ 315	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,413	\$ 6,187	\$ 315
Municipal													
Tax exempt	1,367	82	4,063	126	2,383	40	1,202	(37)	501	(54)	9,885	9,516	157
Taxable	198	5	2,477	83	1,047	(5)	424	(37)	116	(22)	5,900	4,262	24
Auction rate securities	683	(40)	59	(6)	83	(11)	70	(8)	-	-	961	895	(65)
Sub-total	2,248	47	6,599	203	3,513	24	1,696	(82)	617	(76)	16,746	14,673	116

Corporate													
Public	1,188	32	2,853	117	10,119	463	10,110	518	2,716	36	25,548	26,986	1,166
Privately placed	1,115	37	1,853	58	4,184	206	6,705	263	1,526	29	15,043	15,383	593
Sub-total	2,303	69	4,706	175	14,303	669	16,815	781	4,242	65	40,591	42,369	1,759
Foreign government	1,602	227	567	26	524	41	350	29	-	-	3,079	3,043	323
RMBS													
U.S. government sponsored entities	3,374	158	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,165	3,374	158
Prime residential mortgage-backed securities	271	5	40	(1)	197	2	39	1	541	(12)	1,175	1,088	(5)
Alt-A residential mortgage-backed securities	3	-	43	(1)	72	(1)	47	1	398	(77)	904	563	(78)
Subprime residential mortgage-backed securities	-	-	66	(19)	43	(6)	86	(27)	770	(389)	1,814	965	(441)
Sub-total	3,648	163	149	(21)	312	(5)	172	(25)	1,709	(478)	7,058	5,990	(366)
CMBS	1,053	42	278	(6)	153	(14)	331	(58)	171	(61)	2,102	1,986	(97)
ABS													
Collateralized debt obligations	12	-	705	(4)	377	(31)	285	(60)	411	(84)	2,211	1,790	(179)
Consumer and other asset-backed securities	1,371	37	387	4	328	3	219	(1)	47	(3)	2,310	2,352	40
Sub-total	1,383	37	1,092	-	705	(28)	504	(61)	458	(87)	4,521	4,142	(139)
Redeemable preferred stock	-	-	1	-	-	-	23	1	-	-	21	24	1
Total fixed income securities	\$ 18,424	\$ 900	\$ 13,392	\$ 377	\$ 19,510	\$ 687	\$ 19,891	\$ 585	\$ 7,197	\$ (637)	\$ 80,531	\$ 78,414	\$ 1,912

(1) Securities rated below investment grade comprise securities with a rating of Ba or lower. As of June 30, 2011, 58% of our below investment grade gross unrealized losses were concentrated in RMBS, specifically Alt-A and Subprime. The fair value of these securities totaled \$1.02 billion, a decrease of 5.7%, compared to \$1.08 billion as of December 31, 2010. Gross unrealized losses on these securities totaled \$478 million as of June 30, 2011, an improvement of 13.7%, compared to \$554 million as of December 31, 2010, due to impairment write-downs, principal collections, sales and improved valuations, partially offset by the downgrade of certain securities to below investment grade.

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THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
REALIZED CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES BY TRANSACTION TYPE
(\$ in millions)

	Three months ended				Six months ended			
	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Impairment write-downs	\$ (70)	\$ (114)	\$ (198)	\$ (137)	\$ (239)	\$ (223)	\$ (184)	\$ (462)
Change in intent write-downs	(16)	(69)	(75)	(30)	(67)	(32)	(85)	(99)
Net other-than-temporary impairment losses recognized in earnings	(86)	(183)	(273)	(167)	(306)	(255)	(269)	(561)
Sales	141	283	134	319	145	88	424	233
Valuation of derivative instruments	(50)	22	144	(133)	(283)	(155)	(28)	(438)
Settlements of derivative instruments	(3)	(89)	35	(152)	(27)	(30)	(92)	(57)
EMA limited partnership income	55	63	76	(11)	20	4	118	24
Total	\$ 57	\$ 96	\$ 116	\$ (144)	\$ (451)	\$ (348)	\$ 153	\$ (799)

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THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
PROPERTY-LIABILITY
NET INVESTMENT INCOME, YIELDS AND REALIZED CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES (PRE-TAX)
(\$ in millions)

	Three months ended				Six months ended			
	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
NET INVESTMENT INCOME								
Fixed income securities:								
Tax-exempt	\$ 108	\$ 111	\$ 118	\$ 132	\$ 153	\$ 165	\$ 219	\$ 318
Taxable	180	169	154	152	143	130	349	273
Equity securities	32	18	25	16	23	20	50	43
Mortgage loans	1	-	1	-	-	1	1	1
Cost limited partnership interests (1)	7	5	10	3	3	3	12	6
Short-term	-	1	-	1	1	1	1	2
Other	1	1	1	1	5	1	2	6
Sub-total	329	305	309	305	328	321	634	649
Less: Investment expense	(19)	(21)	(18)	(21)	(18)	(17)	(40)	(35)
Net investment income	\$ 310	\$ 284	\$ 291	\$ 284	\$ 310	\$ 304	\$ 594	\$ 614
Net investment income, after-tax	\$ 236	\$ 219	\$ 225	\$ 225	\$ 249	\$ 247	\$ 455	\$ 496
PRE-TAX YIELDS (2)								
Fixed income securities:								
Tax-exempt	4.9	4.8	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9
Equivalent yield for tax-exempt	7.1	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1	7.1
Taxable	3.8	3.6	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.5	3.8	3.5
Equity securities	3.3	1.9	2.7	2.0	2.9	2.0	2.6	2.3
Mortgage loans	3.2	6.7	7.1	4.2	5.4	6.0	3.2	5.8
Cost limited partnership interests	4.2	2.9	5.8	2.0	1.8	2.4	3.6	2.1
Total portfolio (3)	4.0	3.7	3.8	3.7	3.9	3.8	3.9	3.9
REALIZED CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES (PRE-TAX) BY ASSET TYPE								
Fixed income securities:								
Tax-exempt	\$ (16)	\$ (13)	\$ (29)	\$ 76	\$ (23)	\$ (4)	\$ (29)	\$ (27)
Taxable	9	(29)	(11)	25	6	(43)	(20)	(37)
Equity securities	(2)	124	10	68	25	14	122	39
Limited partnership interests	20	46	44	(13)	15	(7)	66	8

Derivatives and other	(19)	(71)	68	(263)	(129)	(150)	(90)	(279)
Total	<u>(8)</u>	<u>57</u>	<u>82</u>	<u>(107)</u>	<u>(106)</u>	<u>(190)</u>	<u>49</u>	<u>(296)</u>
REALIZED CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES (PRE-TAX) BY TRANSACTION TYPE								
Impairment write-downs	\$ (27)	\$ (64)	\$ (63)	\$ (57)	\$ (96)	\$ (79)	\$ (91)	\$ (175)
Change in intent write-downs ⁽⁴⁾	<u>(11)</u>	<u>(27)</u>	<u>(33)</u>	<u>(10)</u>	<u>(10)</u>	<u>(9)</u>	<u>(38)</u>	<u>(19)</u>
Net other-than-temporary impairment losses recognized in earnings	(38)	(91)	(96)	(67)	(106)	(88)	(129)	(194)
Sales ⁽⁴⁾	29	172	65	228	121	41	201	162
Valuation of derivative instruments	(12)	26	47	(143)	(134)	(101)	14	(235)
Settlements of derivative instruments	(7)	(95)	21	(118)	3	(49)	(102)	(46)
EMA limited partnership income	20	45	45	(7)	10	7	65	17
Total	<u>(8)</u>	<u>57</u>	<u>82</u>	<u>(107)</u>	<u>(106)</u>	<u>(190)</u>	<u>49</u>	<u>(296)</u>
AVERAGE INVESTED ASSETS (in billions) ⁽⁵⁾	<u>\$ 35.0</u>	<u>\$ 34.7</u>	<u>\$ 34.7</u>	<u>\$ 34.9</u>	<u>\$ 34.8</u>	<u>\$ 34.6</u>	<u>\$ 34.8</u>	<u>\$ 34.7</u>

⁽¹⁾ As of June 30, 2011, Property-Liability has commitments to invest in additional limited partnership interests totaling \$1.01 billion.

⁽²⁾ Pre-tax yields are calculated as annualized investment income (including dividend income in the case of equity securities) divided by the average of investment balances at the end of each quarter during the year. Investment balances, for purposes of the pre-tax yield calculation, exclude unrealized capital gains and losses.

⁽³⁾ The pre-tax yield for the total portfolio reflects the yield on total investments. Total investments includes fixed income and equity securities, mortgage loans, cost limited partnership interests, short-term and other investments.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes \$6 million and \$9 million of write-downs for equity securities effectively carried on a lower of cost or fair value basis because we do not intend to hold them until recovery for the three months ended June 30, 2011 and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively.

⁽⁵⁾ Average invested assets for the quarter are calculated as the average of the current and prior quarter invested assets. Year-to-date average invested assets are calculated as the average of invested assets at the end of each quarter during the year. For purposes of the average invested assets calculation, unrealized capital gains and losses are excluded.

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THE ALLSTATE CORPORATION
ALLSTATE FINANCIAL
NET INVESTMENT INCOME, YIELDS AND REALIZED CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES (PRE-TAX)
(\$ in millions)

	Three months ended				Six months ended			
	June 30, 2011	March 31, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010	Sept. 30, 2010	June 30, 2010	March 31, 2010	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
NET INVESTMENT INCOME								
Fixed income securities	\$ 596	\$ 607	\$ 614	\$ 631	\$ 646	\$ 652	\$ 1,203	\$ 1,298
Equity securities	2	1	2	1	2	1	3	3
Mortgage loans	86	89	89	92	99	103	175	202
Cost limited partnership interests ⁽¹⁾	11	5	11	3	4	3	16	7
Short-term	-	1	-	1	-	1	1	1
Other	24	9	5	3	-	(2)	33	(2)
Sub-total	719	712	721	731	751	758	1,431	1,509
Less: Investment expense	(25)	(28)	(29)	(24)	(28)	(27)	(53)	(55)
Net investment income	<u>\$ 694</u>	<u>\$ 684</u>	<u>\$ 692</u>	<u>\$ 707</u>	<u>\$ 723</u>	<u>\$ 731</u>	<u>\$ 1,378</u>	<u>\$ 1,454</u>
Net investment income, after-tax	<u>\$ 455</u>	<u>\$ 449</u>	<u>\$ 453</u>	<u>\$ 463</u>	<u>\$ 473</u>	<u>\$ 478</u>	<u>\$ 904</u>	<u>\$ 951</u>
PRE-TAX YIELDS ⁽²⁾								
Fixed income securities	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.0	5.1
Equity securities	2.9	3.3	3.6	2.8	3.5	2.3	3.1	2.9
Mortgage loans	5.2	5.4	5.3	5.2	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.4
Cost limited partnership interests	6.3	2.7	7.0	1.8	3.3	1.9	4.5	2.6
Total portfolio ⁽³⁾	4.9	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.9	4.8
REALIZED CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES (PRE-TAX) BY ASSET TYPE								
Fixed income securities	\$ 46	\$ 15	\$ (85)	\$ (19)	\$ (177)	\$ (92)	\$ 61	\$ (269)
Equity securities	17	(2)	1	15	20	-	15	20
Mortgage loans	(3)	(4)	(17)	(1)	(28)	(25)	(7)	(53)
Limited partnership interests	30	22	28	(6)	9	(15)	52	(6)
Derivatives and other	(28)	8	109	(27)	(177)	(30)	(20)	(207)
Total	<u>\$ 62</u>	<u>\$ 39</u>	<u>\$ 36</u>	<u>\$ (38)</u>	<u>\$ (353)</u>	<u>\$ (162)</u>	<u>\$ 101</u>	<u>\$ (515)</u>
REALIZED CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES (PRE-TAX) BY TRANSACTION TYPE								
Impairment write-downs	\$ (43)	\$ (50)	\$ (134)	\$ (80)	\$ (143)	\$ (144)	\$ (93)	\$ (287)
Change in intent write-downs	<u>(5)</u>	<u>(42)</u>	<u>(42)</u>	<u>(20)</u>	<u>(57)</u>	<u>(23)</u>	<u>(47)</u>	<u>(80)</u>
Net other-than-temporary impairment losses recognized in earnings	(48)	(92)	(176)	(100)	(200)	(167)	(140)	(367)
Sales	112	111	68	89	18	44	223	62
Valuation of derivative instruments	(38)	(4)	99	10	(149)	(54)	(42)	(203)
Settlements of derivative instruments	4	6	14	(34)	(30)	19	10	(11)
EMA limited partnership income	32	18	31	(3)	8	(4)	50	4
Total	<u>\$ 62</u>	<u>\$ 39</u>	<u>\$ 36</u>	<u>\$ (38)</u>	<u>\$ (353)</u>	<u>\$ (162)</u>	<u>\$ 101</u>	<u>\$ (515)</u>
AVERAGE INVESTED ASSETS (in billions) ⁽⁴⁾	<u>\$ 58.8</u>	<u>\$ 60.2</u>	<u>\$ 61.0</u>	<u>\$ 61.4</u>	<u>\$ 62.5</u>	<u>\$ 63.9</u>	<u>\$ 59.5</u>	<u>\$ 63.1</u>

⁽¹⁾ As of June 30, 2011, Allstate Financial has commitments to invest in additional limited partnership interests totaling \$705 million.

⁽²⁾ Pre-tax yields are calculated as annualized investment income (including dividend income in the case of equity securities) divided by the average of investment balances at the end of each quarter during the year. Investment balances, for purposes of the pre-tax yield calculation, exclude unrealized capital gains and losses.

⁽³⁾ The pre-tax yield for the total portfolio reflects the yield on total investments. Total investments include fixed income and equity securities, mortgage loans, cost limited partnership interests, short-term and other investments.

⁽⁴⁾ Average invested assets for the quarter are calculated as the average of the current and prior quarter invested assets. Year-to-date average invested assets are calculated as the average of invested assets at the end of each quarter during the year. For purposes of the average invested assets calculation, unrealized capital gains and losses are excluded.

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Definitions of Non-GAAP and Operating Measures

We believe that investors' understanding of Allstate's performance is enhanced by our disclosure of the following non-GAAP financial measures. Our methods for calculating these measures may differ from those used by other companies and therefore comparability may be limited.

Operating income (loss) is net income (loss), excluding:

- realized capital gains and losses, after-tax, except for periodic settlements and accruals on non-hedge derivative instruments, which are reported with realized capital gains and losses but included in operating income (loss),

- valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged, after-tax,
- amortization of deferred acquisition costs ("DAC") and deferred sales inducements ("DSI"), to the extent they resulted from the recognition of certain realized capital gains and losses or valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged, after-tax,
- gain (loss) on disposition of operations, after-tax, and
- adjustments for other significant non-recurring, infrequent or unusual items, when (a) the nature of the charge or gain is such that it is reasonably unlikely to recur within two years, or (b) there has been no similar charge or gain within the prior two years.

Net income (loss) is the GAAP measure that is most directly comparable to operating income (loss). We use operating income (loss) as an important measure to evaluate our results of operations. We believe that the measure provides investors with a valuable measure of the Company's ongoing performance because it reveals trends in our insurance and financial services business that may be obscured by the net effect of realized capital gains and losses, valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged, gain (loss) on disposition of operations and adjustments for other significant non-recurring, infrequent or unusual items. Realized capital gains and losses, valuation changes on embedded derivatives that are not hedged and gain (loss) on disposition of operations may vary significantly between periods and are generally driven by business decisions and external economic developments such as capital market conditions, the timing of which is unrelated to the insurance underwriting process. Consistent with our intent to protect results or earn additional income, operating income (loss) includes periodic settlements and accruals on certain derivative instruments that are reported in realized capital gains and losses because they do not qualify for hedge accounting or are not designated as hedges for accounting purposes. These instruments are used for economic hedges and to replicate fixed income securities, and by including them in operating income (loss), we are appropriately reflecting their trends in our performance and in a manner consistent with the economically hedged investments, product attributes (e.g. net investment income and interest credited to contractholder funds) or replicated investments. Non-recurring items are excluded because, by their nature, they are not indicative of our business or economic trends. Accordingly, operating income (loss) excludes the effect of items that tend to be highly variable from period to period and highlights the results from ongoing operations and the underlying profitability of our business. A byproduct of excluding these items to determine operating income (loss) is the transparency and understanding of their significance to net income variability and profitability while recognizing these or similar items may recur in subsequent periods. Operating income (loss) is used by management along with the other components of net income (loss) to assess our performance. We use adjusted measures of operating income (loss) and operating income (loss) per diluted share in incentive compensation. Therefore, we believe it is useful for investors to evaluate net income (loss), operating income (loss) and their components separately and in the aggregate when reviewing and evaluating our performance. We note that investors, financial analysts, financial and business media organizations and rating agencies utilize operating income (loss) results in their evaluation of our and our industry's financial performance and in their investment decisions, recommendations and communications as it represents a reliable, representative and consistent measurement of the industry and the Company and management's performance. We note that the price to earnings multiple commonly used by insurance investors as a forward-looking valuation technique uses operating income (loss) as the denominator. Operating income (loss) should not be considered as a substitute for net income (loss) and does not reflect the overall profitability of our business. A reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net income (loss) is provided in the schedule, "Contribution to Income".

Underwriting income (loss) is calculated as premiums earned, less claims and claims expense ("losses"), amortization of DAC, operating costs and expenses and restructuring and related charges as determined using GAAP. Management uses this measure in its evaluation of the results of operations to analyze the profitability of our Property-Liability insurance operations separately from investment results. It is also an integral component of incentive compensation. It is useful for investors to evaluate the components of income separately and in the aggregate when reviewing performance. Net income (loss) is the most directly comparable GAAP measure. Underwriting income (loss) should not be considered as a substitute for net income (loss) and does not reflect the overall profitability of our business. A reconciliation of Property-Liability underwriting income (loss) to net income (loss) is provided in the schedule, "Property-Liability Results".

Combined ratio excluding the effect of catastrophes is a non-GAAP ratio, which is computed as the difference between two GAAP operating ratios: the combined ratio and the effect of catastrophes on the combined ratio. The most directly comparable GAAP measure is the combined ratio. We believe that this ratio is useful to investors and it is used by management to reveal the trends in our Property-Liability business that may be obscured by catastrophe losses. These catastrophe losses cause our loss trends to vary significantly between periods as a result of their incidence of occurrence and magnitude and can have a significant impact on the combined ratio. We believe it is useful for investors to evaluate these components separately and in the aggregate when reviewing our underwriting performance. The combined ratio excluding the effect of catastrophes should not be considered a substitute for the combined ratio and does not reflect the overall underwriting profitability of our business. A reconciliation of combined ratio excluding the effect of catastrophes to combined ratio is provided in the schedule, "Property-Liability Results".

Combined ratio excluding the effect of catastrophes and prior year reserve reestimates ("underlying combined ratio") is a non-GAAP ratio, which is computed as the difference between three GAAP operating ratios: the combined ratio, the effect of catastrophes on the combined ratio and the effect of prior year reserve reestimates on the combined ratio. The most directly comparable GAAP measure is the combined ratio. We believe that this ratio is useful to investors and it is used by management to reveal the trends in our Property-Liability business that may be obscured by catastrophe losses and prior year reserve reestimates. These catastrophe losses cause our loss trends to vary significantly between periods as a result of their incidence of occurrence and magnitude, and can have a significant impact on the combined ratio. Prior year reserve reestimates are caused by unexpected loss development on historical reserves. We believe it is useful for investors to evaluate these components separately and in the aggregate when reviewing our underwriting performance. We also provide it to facilitate a comparison to our outlook on the combined ratio excluding the effect of catastrophe losses and prior year reserve reestimates. The combined ratio excluding the effect of catastrophes and prior year reserve reestimates should not be considered a substitute for the combined ratio and does not reflect the overall underwriting profitability of our business. A reconciliation of the combined ratio excluding the effect of catastrophes and prior year reserve reestimates to combined ratio is provided in the schedule, "Property-Liability Results".

Operating income return on shareholders' equity is a ratio that uses a non-GAAP measure. It is calculated by dividing the rolling 12-month operating income by the average of shareholders' equity at the beginning and at the end of the 12-months, after excluding the effect of unrealized net capital gains and losses. Return on shareholders' equity is the most directly comparable GAAP measure. We use operating income as the numerator for the same reasons we use operating income, as discussed above. We use average shareholders' equity excluding the effect of unrealized net capital gains and losses for the denominator as a representation of shareholders' equity primarily attributable to the Company's earned and realized business operations because it eliminates the effect of items that are unrealized and vary significantly between periods due to external economic developments such as capital market conditions like changes in equity prices and interest rates, the amount and timing of which are unrelated to the insurance underwriting process. We use it to supplement our evaluation of net income and return on shareholders' equity because it excludes the effect of items that tend to be highly variable from period to period. We believe that this measure is useful to investors and that it provides a valuable tool for investors when considered along with net income return on shareholders' equity because it eliminates the after-tax effects of realized and unrealized net capital gains and losses that can fluctuate significantly from period to period and that are driven by economic developments, the magnitude and timing of which are generally not influenced by management. In addition, it eliminates non-recurring items that are not indicative of our ongoing business or economic trends. A byproduct of excluding the items noted above to determine operating income return on shareholders' equity from return on shareholders' equity is the transparency and understanding of their significance to return on shareholders' equity variability and profitability while recognizing these or similar items may recur in subsequent periods. Therefore, we believe it is useful for investors to have operating income return on shareholders' equity and return on shareholders' equity when evaluating our performance. We note that investors, financial analysts, financial and business media organizations and rating agencies utilize operating income return on shareholders' equity results in their evaluation of our and our industry's financial performance and in their investment decisions, recommendations and communications as it represents a reliable, representative and consistent measurement of the industry and the company and management's utilization of capital. Operating income return on shareholders' equity should not be considered as a substitute for return on shareholders' equity and does not reflect the overall profitability of our business. A reconciliation of return on shareholders' equity and operating income return on shareholders' equity can be found in the schedule, "Return on Shareholders' Equity".

Book value per share, excluding the impact of unrealized net capital gains and losses on fixed income securities, is a ratio that uses a non-GAAP measure. It is calculated by dividing shareholders' equity after excluding the impact of unrealized net capital gains and losses on fixed income securities and related DAC, DSI and life insurance reserves by total shares outstanding plus dilutive potential shares outstanding. Book value per share is the most directly comparable GAAP measure. We use the trend in book value per share, excluding the impact of unrealized net capital gains and losses on fixed income securities in conjunction with book value per share to identify and analyze the change in net worth attributable to management efforts between periods. We believe the non-GAAP ratio is useful to investors because it eliminates the effect of items that can fluctuate significantly from period to period and are generally driven by economic developments, primarily capital market conditions, the magnitude and timing of which are generally not influenced by management, and we believe it enhances understanding and comparability of performance by highlighting underlying business activity and profitability drivers. We note that book value per share, excluding the impact of unrealized net capital gains and losses on fixed income securities, is a measure commonly used by insurance investors as a valuation technique. Book value per share, excluding the impact of unrealized net capital gains and losses on fixed income securities, should not be considered as a substitute for book value per share, and does not reflect the recorded net worth of our business. A reconciliation of book value per share, excluding the impact of unrealized net capital gains on fixed income securities, and book value per share can be found in the schedule, "Book Value per Share".

Operating Measure

We believe that investors' understanding of Allstate's performance is enhanced by our disclosure of the following operating financial measure. Our method for calculating this measure may differ from those used by other companies and therefore comparability may be limited.

Premiums written is the amount of premiums charged for policies issued during a fiscal period. Premiums earned is a GAAP measure. Premiums are considered earned and are included in financial results on a pro-rata basis over the policy period. The portion of premiums written applicable to the unexpired terms of the policies is recorded as unearned premiums on our Consolidated Statements of Financial Position. A reconciliation of premiums written to premiums earned is presented in the schedule, "Property-Liability Results".

Definitions of GAAP Operating Ratios and Impacts of Specific Items on the GAAP Operating Ratios

We use the following operating ratios to measure the profitability of our Property-Liability results. We believe that they enhance an investor's understanding of our profitability. They are calculated as follows:

Claims and claims expense ("loss") ratio is the ratio of claims and claims expense to premiums earned. Loss ratios include the impact of catastrophe losses.

Expense ratio is the ratio of amortization of DAC, operating costs and expenses and restructuring and related charges to premiums earned.

Combined ratio is the ratio of claims and claims expense, amortization of DAC, operating costs and expenses and restructuring and related charges to premiums earned. The combined ratio is the sum of the loss ratio and the expense ratio. The difference between 100% and the combined ratio represents underwriting income (loss) as a percentage of premiums earned or underwriting margin.

Effect of Discontinued Lines and Coverages on combined ratio is the ratio of claims and claims expense and other costs and expenses in the Discontinued Lines and Coverages segment to Property-Liability premiums earned. The sum of the effect of Discontinued Lines and Coverages on the combined ratio and the Allstate Protection combined ratio is equal to the Property-Liability combined ratio.

Effect of catastrophe losses on combined ratio is the percentage of catastrophe losses included in claims and claims expense to premiums earned. This ratio includes prior year reserve reestimates of catastrophe losses.

Effect of prior year reserve reestimates on combined ratio is the percentage of prior year reserve reestimates included in claims and claims expense to premiums earned. This ratio includes prior year reserve reestimates of catastrophe losses.

Effect of pre-tax reserve reestimates on combined ratio is the percentage of prior year reserve reestimates included in claims and claims expense to premiums earned. This ratio includes prior year reserve reestimates of catastrophe losses.

Effect of restructuring and related charges on combined ratio is the percentage of restructuring and related charges to premiums earned.